

Introduction

The Device Firmware Update (DFU) Host tool is a stand-alone program provided with the ModusToolbox software. This tool is used to communicate with a PSoC® 6 MCU that has already been programmed with an application that includes device firmware update capability. This tool is provided as a [graphical user interface \(GUI\)](#) and a [command-line interface \(CLI\)](#).

Note The process of initializing the device, and the two CPUs therein, as well as executing code in the SROM and supervisory flash, is more accurately referred to as “bootloading.” The process of installing and updating applications in the field, using standard communication channels (UART, I²C, USB, etc.) to download the new application from a host, is more accurately referred to as “device firmware update.”

The DFU Host tool allows you to:

- Program new application data onto a PSoC 6 MCU
- Verify the program data that is already contained on the device
- Erase the application from the device
- Select a *.cyacd2 file output from ModusToolbox for programming
- Abort an operation

Note This operation leaves the device in whatever state it is in when the abort message is acted upon.

The DFU Host tool supports communicating via UART, I²C, and SPI. For UART, communication can be done directly from the PC simply by connecting an appropriate cable. For I²C and SPI, PSoC 6 kits include the KitProg3 firmware module, which implements USB-UART, USB-I²C, and USB-SPI bridges. You will be able to see all devices available for a connection, configure their settings, and view the status of all programming.

Walkthrough

This section contains a basic walkthrough using the DFU Host tool.

1. First, make sure you have a PSoC MCU that has been programmed with an application that includes DFU capability.
2. [Launch the DFU Host Tool GUI](#).
3. In the [graphical DFU Host Tool](#), click **File > Open** to browse to the location of your application file (*.cyacd).
4. Connect a hardware port that supports the communication selected in your bootloader project.
5. Wire the hardware port pins to the corresponding pins on the target device.
6. Update the [port configuration](#). These values are set from the communication component used by the bootloader component.

After updating configuration information, click **Program** to load the new application.

Launch the DFU Host Tool GUI

You can launch the DFU Host tool as a GUI with or without the ModusToolbox IDE. You can also run the tool from the command line.

Launch without the ModusToolbox IDE

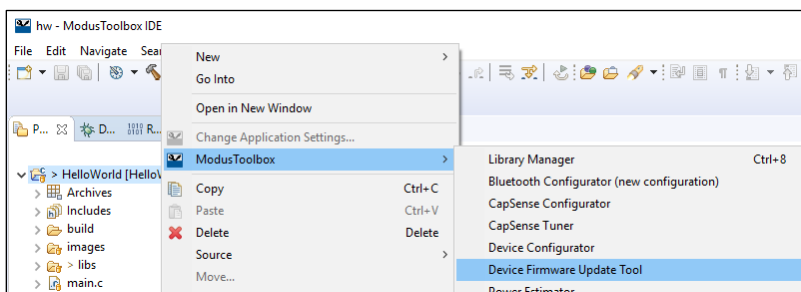
To run the DFU Host tool GUI without the ModusToolbox IDE, navigate to the install location and run the executable. On Windows, the default install location for the DFU Host tool is:

```
[user_home]/ModusToolbox_<version>/tools_<version>/dfuh-tool
```

For other operating systems, the installation directory will vary, based on how the software was installed.

Launch with the ModusToolbox IDE

If your ModusToolbox IDE application is suitable to use the DFU Host tool, right-click on the appropriate project and select **ModusToolbox > Device Firmware Update Tool**.



From the Command Line

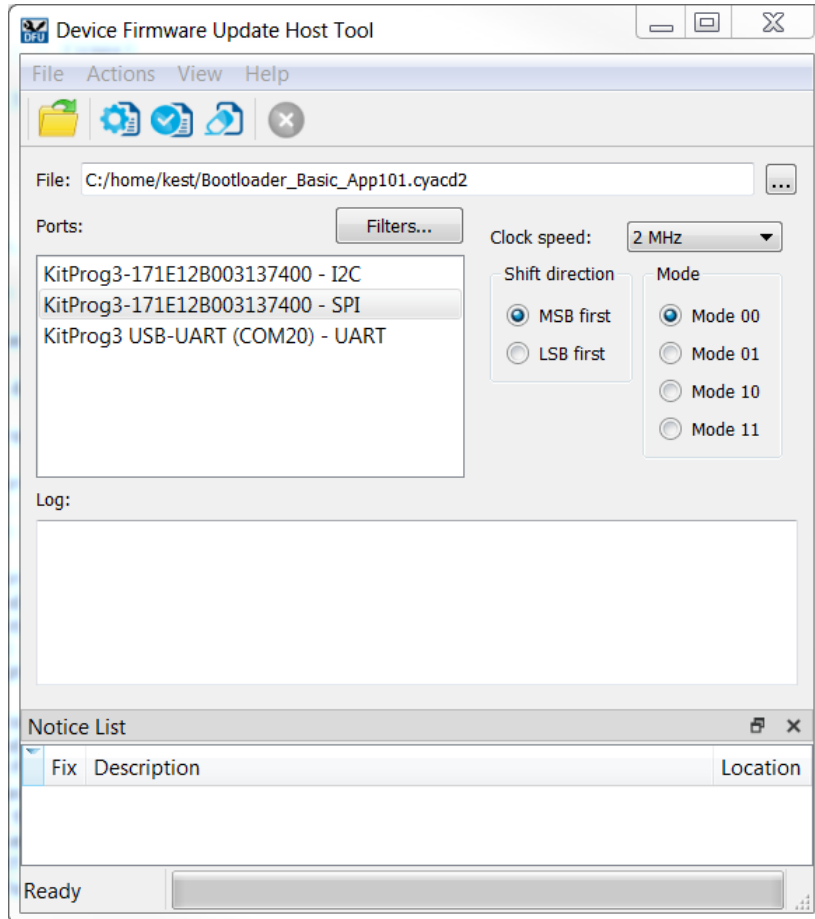
Refer to [CLI Description](#) to run the *dfuh-cli* tool. You can also run the DFU Host Tool GUI executable using the following command line arguments:

-?, -h, --help	Displays information about all valid command-line arguments and exits.
-v, --version	Displays version information and exits.
--debug <filename>	Appends detailed debugging information to the specified file.

GUI Description

This section describes the various parts of the DFU Host tool GUI.

Main window



File Selection

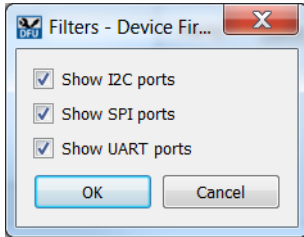
Use this section to select the .cyacd2 file that contains the DFU image.

Ports

This is a list of all the ports attached to the computer that can be used to communicate with the bootloader. Based on which item is selected, different options will be available for the Port Configuration.

Filters

The **Filters** button allows for restricting which ports are displayed in the ports list.



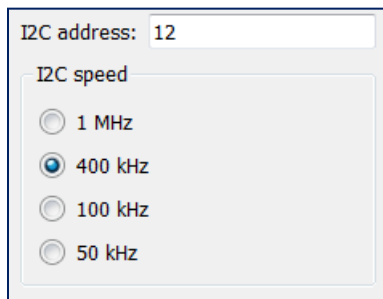
Port Configuration

This section allows for configuring the interface-specific options for communicating with the DFU system. This is necessary to ensure both the DFU and host computer are configured the same.

Refer to the appropriate probe documentation for a list of supported modes.

I²C

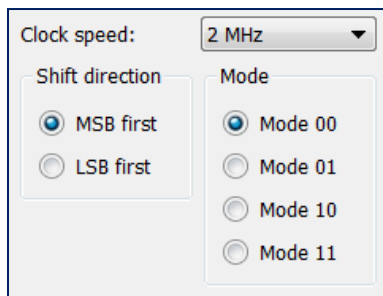
For I²C communication, there are two pieces of required information:



- The address of the I²C-based target DFU system with which the host is communicating. The range for valid addresses is from 8 -120.
- The I²C SCK signal frequency.

SPI

For SPI communication, there are three pieces of required information:



- The SPI SCLK signal frequency.
- The bit ordering of transferred data.
- The SPI operating mode.

UART

For UART communication, there are four pieces of required information:

Baud:	115200
Data bits:	8
Stop bits:	1
Parity:	None

- The baud (bit) rate at which data is transferred.
- The number of data bits per byte.
- The number of stop bits indicating the termination of a byte.
- The parity bit that is added to a byte.

Log

The log displays a history of what has happened so far while the Host has been open. It displays information about operations initiated by the user, and when items started/completed. It also displays the error messages in case of an error during an operation.

Notice List

The Notice List displays any errors in the current configuration of the tool. Double-clicking a notice brings the UI focus to the appropriate field.

Notice List		
Fix	Description	Location
	File does not exist.	File

CLI Description

In addition to the dfuh-tool GUI executable, there is also a dfuh-cli executable. The CLI allows programming, verifying, and erasing of devices from a command-line prompt or from within batch files or shell scripts. The exit code for the dfuh-cli executable is zero if the operation is successful, or non-zero if the operation encounters an error.

In order to use the dfuh-cli executable, you must provide exactly one of the following flags:

<code>--program-device <cyacd2_file></code>	Program the device with the specified file and exit.
<code>--verify-device <cyacd2_file></code>	Verify the programming of the device with the specified file and exit.
<code>--erase-device <cyacd2_file></code>	Erase the specified program from the device and exit.

If there is more than one device connected to the host, use the following flag to specify which device to use:

<code>--hwid <string></code>	Specifies the ID of the hardware to program/verify/erase. If this option is skipped, the first appropriate device found will be used.
------------------------------------	---

In addition, you must provide the appropriate configuration values for exactly one of the following protocols:

The **I2C** flags are:

<code>--i2c-address <int></code>	Sets the address for the I2C protocol. Valid values are between 8 (0x08) and 120 (0x78).
<code>--i2c-speed <int></code>	Sets the speed for the I2C protocol in kHz. Common values are 50, 100, 400 and 1000.

The **SPI** flags are:

<code>--spi-clockspeed <float></code>	Sets the clock speed for the SPI protocol in MHz.
<code>--spi-mode <int></code>	Sets the mode for the SPI protocol in binary. Valid values are 00, 01, 10 and 11.
<code>--spi-lsb-first</code>	Specifies that the least-significant bit should be sent first for the SPI protocol. Otherwise, the most-significant bit will be sent first.

The **UART** flags are:

<code>--uart-baudrate <int></code>	Sets the baud rate for the UART protocol.
<code>--uart-databits <int></code>	Sets the number of data bits for the UART protocol.
<code>--uart-paritytype <string></code>	Sets the parity type for the UART protocol. Valid strings are "None", "Odd" and "Even".
<code>--uart-stopbits <float></code>	Sets the stop bits for the UART protocol. Valid values are 1, 1.5 and 2.

Command-Line Flags

The following flags change the overall functioning of the tool:

<code>-.?, -h, --help</code>	Displays information about all valid command-line arguments and exits.
<code>-v, --version</code>	Displays version information and exits.
<code>--debug</code>	Outputs debugging information to the terminal running the CLI tool during programming, verifying or erasing.
<code>--display-hw</code>	Outputs all compatible hardware attached to the computer and exits.

CLI Example

The following shows a simple example for using the `dfu-cli` executable

```
dfuh-cli --program-device test_app.cyacd2 --i2c-address 8 --i2c-speed 100
```

Troubleshooting

Problem	Workaround
On common Linux distributions, the serial UART ports (usually /dev/ttySx or /dev/ttyUSBx devices) belong to the root user and to the dialout group. Standard users are not allowed to access these devices.	<p>An easy way to allow the current user access to the Linux machine's serial ports is by adding the user to the dialout group. This can be done using the following command:</p> <pre>\$sudo usermod -a -G dialout \$USER</pre> <p>Note For this command to take effect, you must log out and then log back in.</p>
On Linux, attempts to set up or start DFU Host tool communication causes the tool to close without any messages.	<p>To enable DFU Host tool communication under Linux, install the udev rules for KitProg3:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Disconnect the KitProg device. 2. Execute in the terminal (root access required): <pre>sh \$CYSDK/tools/fw-loader/udev_rules/install_rules.sh</pre> 3. Reconnect the KitProg device.
On common Linux distributions, the DFU Host tool forbids communication protocol selection after re-plugging KitProg during communication.	<p>Refer to the "Installation Procedure on Ubuntu Linux (x64)" section in the <i>Cypress Programmer 2.1 CLI User Guide</i>.</p>
KitProg3 UART is accessible but not able to read data on Linux kernel 4.15 and above or Mac OS X 10.13 and above.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use a third-party UART to USB bridge. • Update the KitProg3 firmware to version 1.11.243 or above.

References

Refer to the following documents for more information, as needed:

- Device Datasheets
- Device Technical Reference Manuals
- KitProg3 User Guide

Version Changes

This section lists and describes the changes for each version of this tool.

Version	Change Descriptions
1.0	New tool.
1.1	Added Notice List. Added command-line interface (CLI) and handling of invalid command line arguments. Added logging for firmware update process.

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