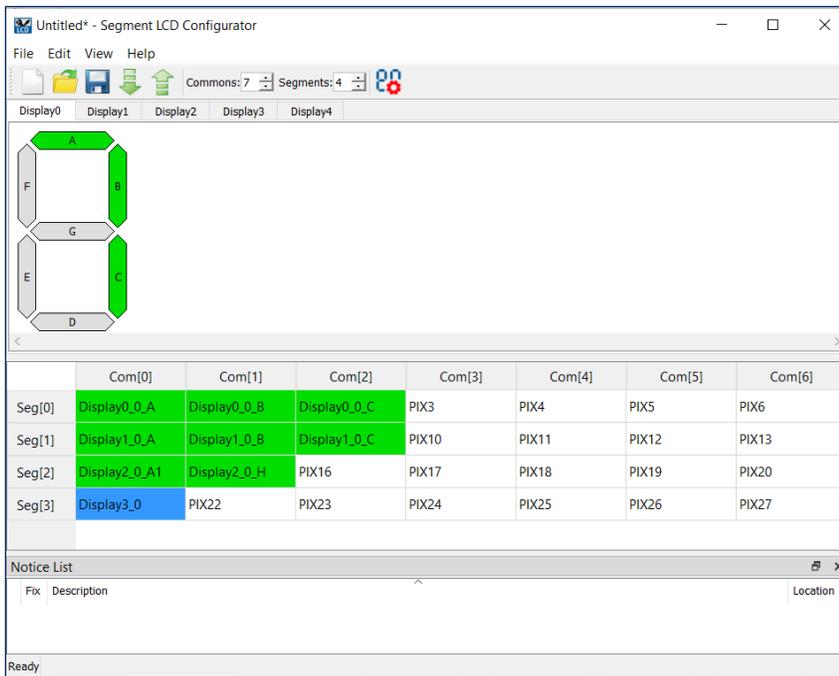


Overview

The Segment LCD (SegLCD) Configurator is part of the ModusToolbox software. It is a stand-alone tool used to generate display structures for the [SegLCD Driver](#). The tool is supported on Windows, Linux, and macOS.



The SegLCD Configurator supports the following types of displays:

- bar graph (1pixel per symbol)
- 7-segment
- 14-segment
- 16-segment
- 5x8 dot matrix (40 pixels per symbol)

See the [Display Editor](#) section for more information about display types.

Supported Software

Name	Version	Link
Cypress PSoC 6 Peripheral Driver Library	1.3.0	https://github.com/cypresssemiconductorco/psoc6pd/

Definitions

- **LCD** – Liquid Crystal Display
- **Glass** – An LCD glass with one or more displays (for example, one 7-segment display and one bar-graph display).
- **Display** – A block of the same type of symbols on an LCD glass to indicate a multi-digital number or character string. There may be one or more displays on a single LCD glass. In the SegLCD Configurator, separate [Display View](#) tabs show each available display type.
- **Symbol** – A block of pixels on an LCD glass to indicate a single digit or character.
- **Pixel** – A basic displaying item. This can be a segment of a 7-segment symbol (thus called a "segment"), a pixel of a dot-matrix display, or a stand-alone arbitrarily-shaped display element. Each pixel has a unique set of common and segment lines within one LCD glass.
- **Common line (Com/COM for short)** – A common wire/signal from the PSoC chip to the LCD glass. In the SegLCD Configurator, this is represented as a column in the [Mapping Table](#).
- **Segment line (Seg/SEG for short)** – A segment wire/signal from the PSoC chip to the LCD glass. In the SegLCD Configurator, this is represented as a row in the [Mapping Table](#).

Launch the SegLCD Configurator

You can run the SegLCD Configurator GUI from, and use it with or without, a ModusToolbox IDE application. You can also run the tool from the command line. Then, you can either use the generated source with a ModusToolbox IDE application, or use it in any software environment you choose.

Launch without the ModusToolbox IDE

To run the SegLCD Configurator GUI without the ModusToolbox IDE, navigate to the install location and run the executable. On Windows, the default install location for the SegLCD Configurator is:

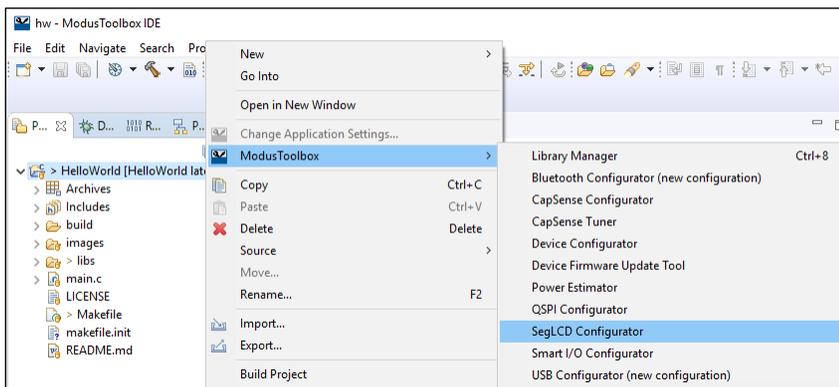
```
<install_dir>/tools_<version>/seglcd-configurator
```

For other operating systems, the installation directory will vary, based on how the software was installed.

When you open the SegLCD Configurator GUI this way, you must open an existing *.cyseglcd file or create a new one to save configuration information.

Launch with the ModusToolbox IDE

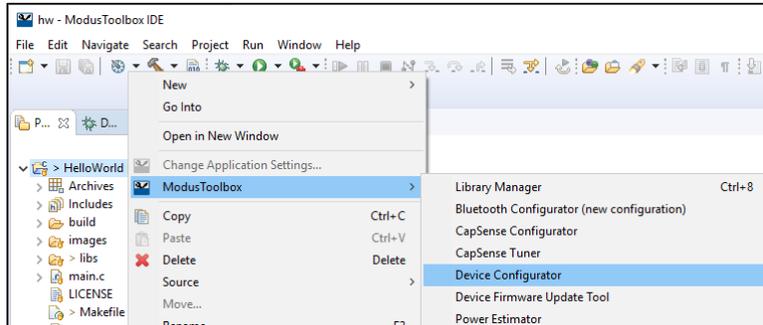
If your ModusToolbox IDE application already includes a *design.cyseglcd* file in the Board Support Package (BSP), right-click on a project in the IDE Project Explorer, and select **ModusToolbox > SegLCD Configurator** to open the tool.



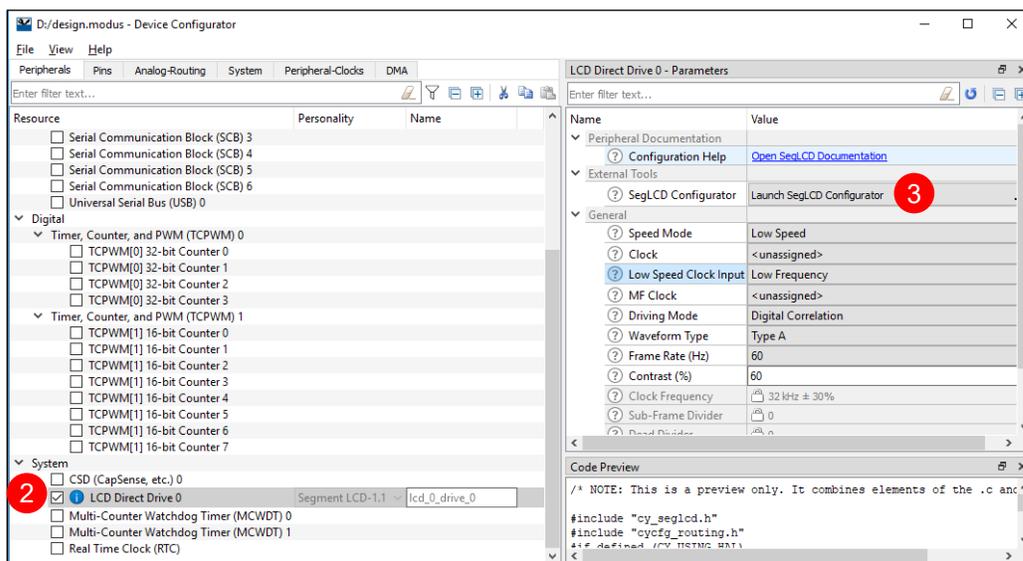
From the Device Configurator

If your ModusToolbox IDE application does **not** include a *design.cyseglcd* file:

1. Open the Device Configurator.



2. On the **Peripherals** tab, enable the **LCD Direct Drive** resource.
3. On the Parameters pane, click the **Launch SegLCD Configurator** button to launch the SegLCD Configurator.



The Device Configurator is based on the *design.modus* file, which contains all the required information about the device and the application. This information is passed to the SegLCD Configurator, which generates a *design.cyseglcd* configuration file in the same location as the *design.modus* file. When you save changes, the configurators generate/update firmware in the ModusToolbox IDE BSP's "GeneratedSource" folder.

From the Command Line

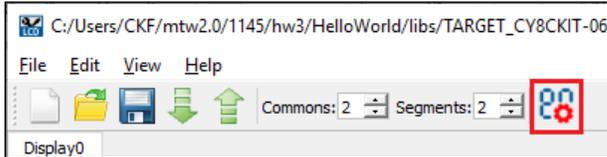
You can run the `seglcd-configurator` executable from the command line. However, there are only a few reasons to do this in practice. There is also a `seglcd-configurator-cli` executable, which re-generates source code based on the latest configuration settings from a command-line prompt or from within batch files or shell scripts. The exit code for the `seglcd-configurator-cli` executable is zero if the operation is successful, or non-zero if the operation encounters an error. In order to use the `seglcd-configurator-cli` executable, you must provide at least the `--config` argument with a path to the configuration file.

For more information about command-line options, run the `seglcd-configurator` or `seglcd-configurator-cli` executable using the `-h` option.

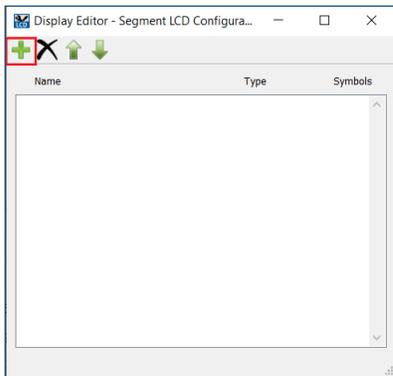
Quick Start

This section provides a simple workflow for how to use the tool.

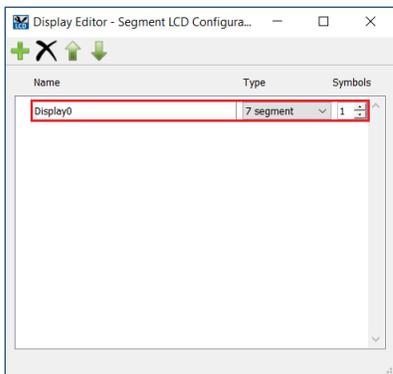
1. [Launch the SegLCD configurator.](#)
2. Click the **Edit Displays** button on the toolbar to open the **Display Editor** dialog.



3. On the Display Editor dialog, click the **Add New Display** button.

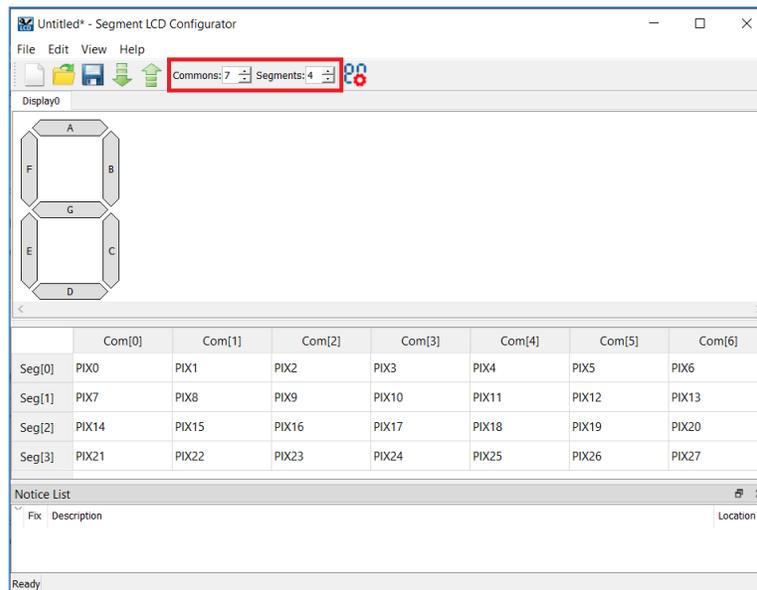


4. A new row appears to specify the display **Name**, select the **Type**, and specify the number of **Symbols**. See the [Display Editor](#) section for more information.

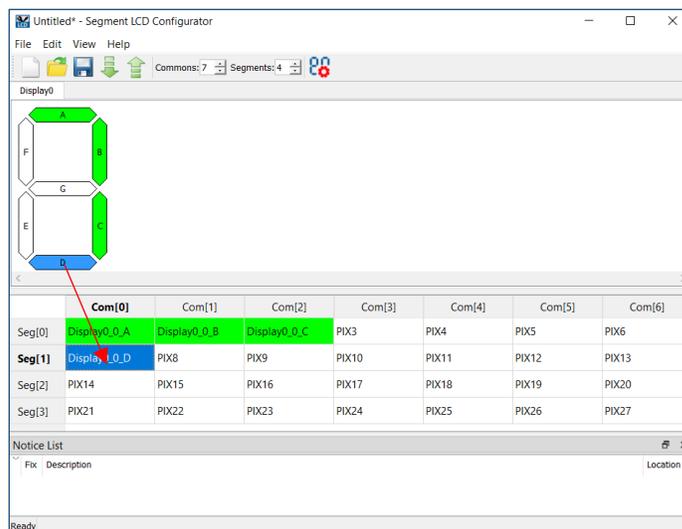


5. Close the dialog by pressing **[Esc]**.

- On the toolbar, specify the number of **Common** and **Segment** LCD connections, which correspond to the mapping table dimensions. See the [Mapping Table](#) section for more information.



- On the display view, left-click and hold a segment/pixel of the symbol, drag it onto the mapping table below the display view, and release the mouse button on the desired cell. See the [Mapping Table](#) section for more information.



- Repeat this process for all display segments/pixels.
- Save the configuration.
See [Code Generation](#).

Code Generation

The SegLCD Configurator generates code in the “GeneratedSource” directory in your BSP, or in the location you specified for a non-ModusToolbox IDE application. That directory contains the source (.c) and header (.h) files with relevant firmware used by the SegLCD middleware configuration and operation. The configuration is stored in the *design.cyseglcd* file next to the *.modus file.

After saving the configuration and closing the SegLCD Configurator, do the following to complete the configuration:

- If you launched the SegLCD Configurator from the Device Configurator, assign all the unassigned LCD terminals to the GPIO pins in the Device Configurator.
- If you launched the SegLCD Configurator independently, edit the generated code to provide additional LCD terminal definitions for the display array.

Menus

The SegLCD Configurator contains the following menus:

File

- **New** – Creates a new file with new configuration.
- **Open** – Opens and loads an existing file.
- **Save** – Saves the existing file.
- **Save as** – Saves the existing file under a different name.
- **Import** – Imports a specified configuration file.
- **Export** – Exports the current configuration file into a specified file.
- **Exit** – Closes the tool.

Edit

- **Edit displays** – Opens the [Display Editor](#) dialog.

View

- **Notice List** – Shows/hides the [Notice List pane](#). The pane is shown by default.
- **Toolbar** – Shows/hides the [toolbar](#).
- **Reset View** – Resets the view to the default.

Help

- **View Help** – Opens this document.
- **About Segment LCD Configurator** – Opens the About box for version information.

Toolbar

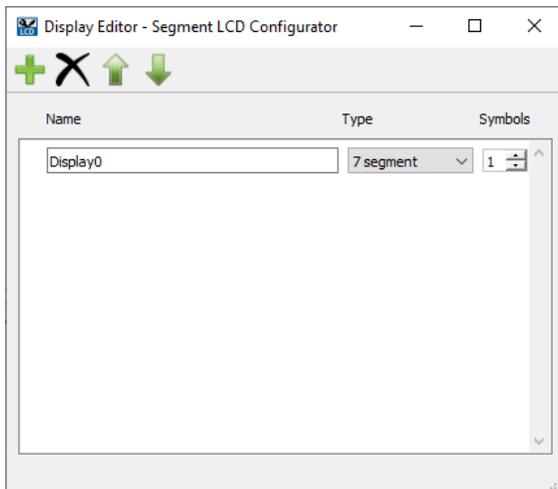
The toolbar contains the same commands as the [File menu](#). The toolbar also contains:

- **Import** – Imports a specified configuration file.
- **Export** – Exports the current configuration file into a specified file.
- **Commons** – Specifies the number of common LCD connections represented as columns on the mapping table.

- **Segments** – Specifies the number of segment LCD connections represented as rows on the mapping table.
- **Edit displays** – Opens the Display Editor dialog.

Display Editor

Use this dialog to create and configure displays.



You can open the Display Editor dialog using various ways:

- Click the **Edit** button on the menu.
- Click the **Edit Displays** button on the toolbar
- Press **[Ctrl] + [D]**.

You can close it multiple ways as well:

- Click the X button.
- Press **[Ctrl] + [W]** or **[Esc]** Keys.

Display Editor Toolbar

This dialog contains the following toolbar commands:

-  **Add New Display** – Adds a display row to the dialog and a tab to the Display View. Also, you can press **[Ctrl] + [A]**.
-  **Delete Display** – Deletes the selected display row from the dialog and removes the tab from the Display View. Also, you can press **[Delete]**.
-  **Move Up/Down** – Moves the selected display row up or down in the dialog, and accordingly rearranges the order of the tabs in the Display View. Also, you can use **[Ctrl] + [Up]** and **[Ctrl] + [Down]**.

Display Row

Use the fields in the display row to enter the display **Name**, select the **Type**, and specify the number of **Symbols**. Use the [Tab] key to switch between the fields, as needed, or select the field using the mouse.

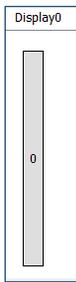
Name

Shows the names of configured displays: Display0, Display1, etc. A name may contain upper or lowercase letters, underscores, and digits. However, the first character cannot be a digit.

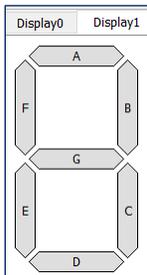
Type

Shows the types of displays to select from the pull-down menu:

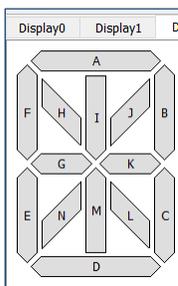
- Bar/Dial Graph** – Consists of two or more homogeneous pixels. The number of pixels (the bar graph length) is defined by the [Symbols](#) parameter. On the [firmware layer](#), this type is considered as a non-symbolic display with one pixel per symbol. Supports up to 255 segments and can be a single selected pixel or the selected pixel and all of the pixels to the left or right of the specified pixel.



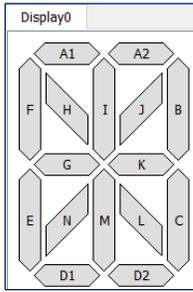
- 7-Segment Display** – Consists of 7 segments per symbol.



- 14-Segment Display** – Consists of 14 segments per symbol.

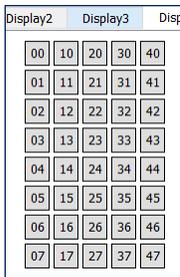


- **16-Segment Display** – Consists of 16 segments per symbol.



Note A decimal point/apostrophe/colon or any other sign beside the segment display symbol is not supported as a part of the symbol itself. These signs can be treated as stand-alone pixels.

- **Matrix Display** – For a symbol sized 5(width)x8(height) pixels.

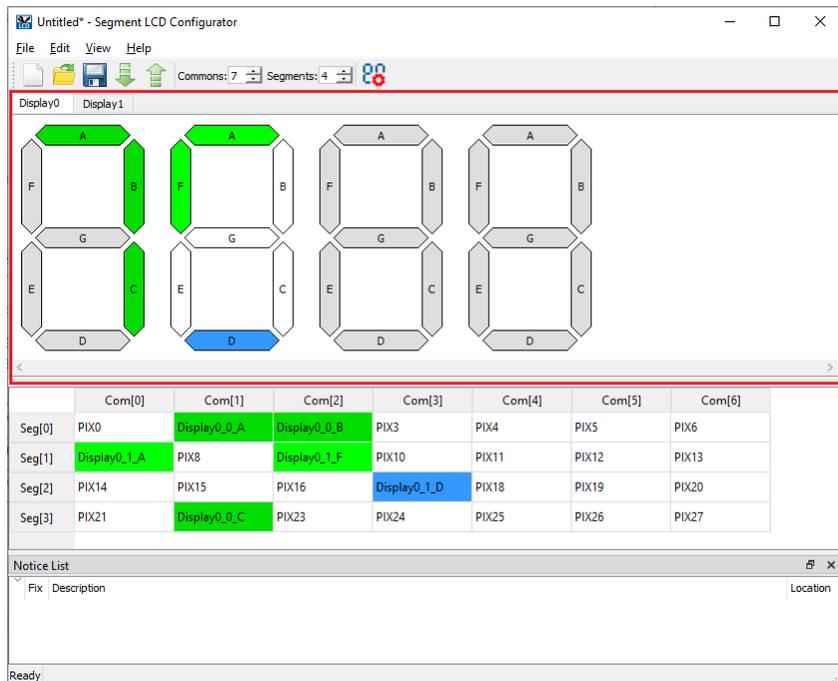


Symbols

The number of displays on the display.

Display View

The display view contains one or more tabs that correspond to the displays configured in the [Display Editor](#).



A display tab name represents the specified display name, and it contains display symbols specified by the type and symbols display parameters. A display symbol contains a set of pixels named A, B, C... (or 00, 01, 02 for the matrix display type) by default. The pixels names correspond to cell names in the [Mapping Table](#) (for a pixel placed on the mapping table). The pixels have colors showing the connectivity status:

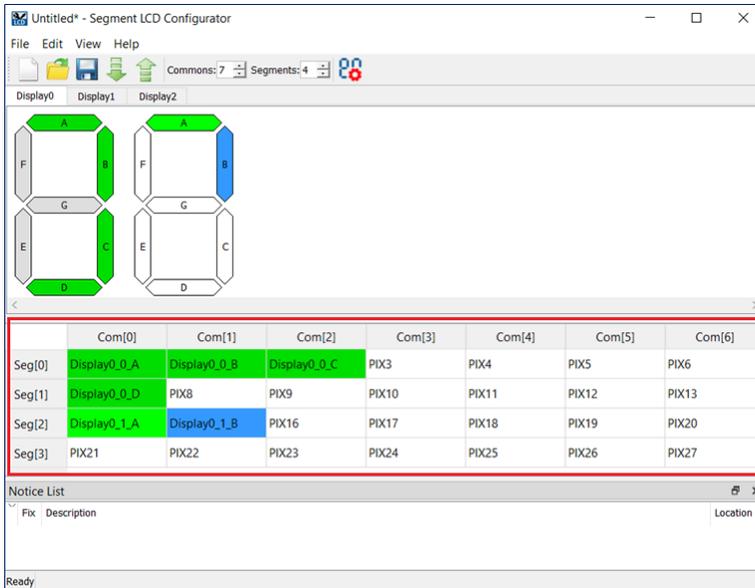
- Light Green – The pixel is connected, and the symbol is currently selected.
- Dark Green – The pixel is connected, and the symbol is currently not selected.
- Blue – The pixel is currently selected (connected or not).
- White – The pixel is not connected, and the symbol is currently selected.
- Grey – The pixel is not connected, and the symbol is currently selected.

Notes

- The same colors are used for pixels in the mapping table, when applicable.
- In this document, symbol segments for displays (for example, 7-segment, 14-segment, etc.), are called “pixels” so that they are not confused with segment LCD connections (physical wires) represented as rows of the mapping table (see [Definitions](#)).

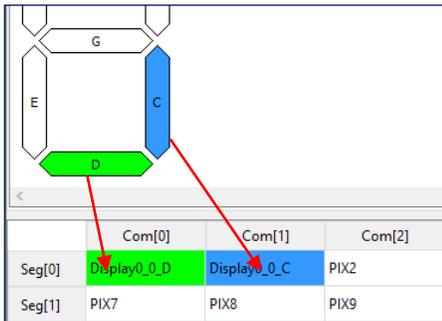
Mapping Table

The mapping table (below the [Display View](#)) is a grid control where columns represent Commons lines, rows represent Segments lines, and cells represent pixels. Each pixel is determined by a unique pair of common and segment lines.

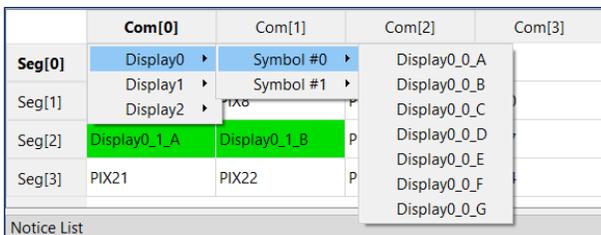


Connect/Disconnect Display Pixel

To connect a display pixel to a specific Common and Segment, drag a pixel from the [Display View](#) to the mapping table.



You can also right-click on the cell or press **[Ctrl]+[L]** to access the context menu and select the desired display, symbol, and pixel.



To disconnect a display pixel, select a pixel in the table and drag the selected pixel outside the mapping table. You can also simply press **Delete**.

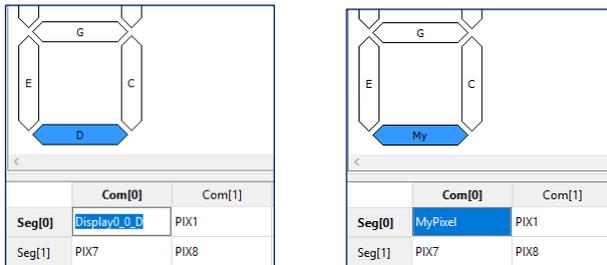
Change Pixel Name

By default, pixels connected to Commons and Segments in the mapping table have the following name format:

<display name>_<symbol number>_<pixel name>

To rename a pixel, double-click it in the mapping table to select it, and then replace the text. The name can contain uppercase and lowercase letters, underscores, and digits. However, the first character cannot be a digit.

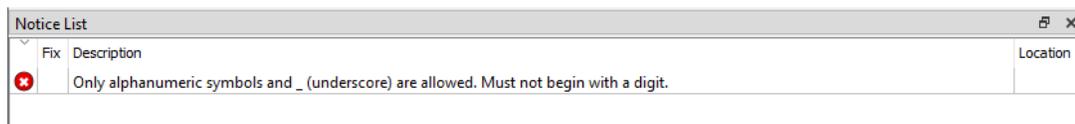
To return a pixel name to its default value, delete the name and press **[Enter]**.



Once the name has been changed, only the first two characters of the pixel name show in the display name.

Notice List

The Notice List pane combines notices (errors, warnings, tasks, and notes) from many places in the configuration into a centralized list. If a notice shows a location, you can double-click the entry to show the error or warning.



For more information, refer to the *Device Configurator Guide*.

References

Refer to the following documents for more information, as needed:

- Device Configurator Guide
- ModusToolbox IDE User Guide
- PDL Reference Guide
- Device Datasheets
- Device Technical Reference Manuals

Version Changes

This section lists and describes the changes for each version of this tool.

Version	Change Descriptions
1.0	New tool.

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