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Spec No: 001-58069

Spec Title: AN58069 - IMPLEMENTING AN 8-BIT PARALLEL MPEG2-TS INTERFACE USING SLAVE FIFO MODE IN FX2LP

Replaced by: NONE
Implementing an 8-Bit Parallel MPEG2-TS Interface Using Slave FIFO Mode in FX2LP

Author: Praveen Kumar Murugesan
Associated Project: Yes
Associated Part Family: CY7C68013/14/15/16
Related Application Notes: AN66806, AN15456, AN63787

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This application note explains how to implement an 8-bit parallel MPEG2-TS interface using the Slave FIFO mode. The example code uses EZ-USB FX2LP™ (CY7C68013/14/15/16) at the receiver end and a data generator as the source for the data stream. The hardware connections and example code are included with this application note. In addition, this application note describes a design example that uses this interface.

1 Introduction

The EZ-USB FX2LP is an excellent solution if you want to a high-performance high-speed USB to a design. In applications similar to a TV dongle, an MPEG2-TS to USB Bridge is critical. The EZ-USB FX2LP not only takes care of glueless logic, but also makes it easier for the designer to complete the design. This application note addresses the hardware connections and example firmware required to implement the MPEG2-TS interface using the Slave FIFO mode.

Note: Familiarity with the examples and documentation on the EZ-USB FX2LP development kit and Chapter 9 (Slave FIFOs) of the EZ-USB FX2LP Technical Reference Manual is useful in understanding this application. For complete list of FX2LP application notes, click here. For complete list of USB High-Speed Code Examples, click here. Refer to this link for TV Dongle Reference Design using FX2LP.

2 MPEG2-TS Interface

MPEG2-TS Interface is now adopted as the standard encoding and delivery interface for most of the compressed digital video broadcasting technologies. MPEG2-TS interface was designed for error-prone links that do not offer support to carry structured data. It uses packets of small size and provides many features for data link layers such as packet identification (PID), synchronization (Sync Byte), timing (clock references and timestamps), multiplexing, and sequencing information (CC).

The MPEG2-TS packet is a 188-byte packet, consisting of a 4-byte header. The remaining 184 bytes are used for payload as shown in Figure 1. The small packet length is suitable for high error mediums because the error then affects less data, although the header represents a higher overhead for such a packet size.

Figure 1. MPEG2-TS Packet

| Header (4 bytes) | Optional variable length adaptation field | Payload (184 bytes) |

Figure 2. MPEG2-TS Header

| Sync Byte | PID | CC |
The header, shown in Figure 2, contains a sync byte used for random access to the stream. It also contains a program ID (PID), which allows identification of all packets belonging to the same data stream. Alternatively, it provides a means to multiplex data streams within transport streams. Finally, the Continuity Counter field (CC) provides a mechanism to detect missing packets by incrementing each packet belonging to the same PID by one.

2.1 MPEG2-TS Interface Signals

- MPEG_CLK: This CLK provides the reference for the parallel data stream.
- MPEG_D[7:0]: This is the 8-bit parallel data of the MPEG2-TS.
- MPEG_V: This signal is asserted when the data in the MPEG_D[7:0] is valid.
- MPEG_S: This signal is asserted for every first byte of the 188 byte packet.

2.2 FX2LP Slave FIFO Interface Signals

- IFCLK: This pin is not needed in asynchronous mode. The IFCLK pin can be configured as either an input (default) or an output interface clock.
- FD[15:0]: 16-bit data bus.
- FIFOADR[2:0]: These pins select which of the two FIFOs is connected to the FD[15:0] bus, or whether the command interface is selected.
- SLCS: Slave chip select.
- SLOE and SLRD: In synchronous mode, the FIFO pointer is incremented on each rising edge of IFCLK while SLRD is asserted. In asynchronous mode, the FIFO pointer is incremented on each asserted-to-deasserted transition of SLRD. SLOE is a data bus driver enable. When SLOE is asserted, the FX2LP firmware drives the data bus.
- FLAGA/B: FLAGx pins report the status of the FIFO. They can be configured to be Full Flag, Empty Flag, or Programmable Flag.
- SLWR: In synchronous mode, data on the FD bus is written to the FIFO (and the FIFO pointer is incremented) on each rising edge of IFCLK while SLWR is asserted. In asynchronous mode, data on the FD bus is written to the FIFO (and the FIFO pointer is incremented) on each asserted-to-deasserted transition of SLWR.

2.3 Hardware Interface Connection

Two types of connections can be made: free running and gated.

2.3.1 Free Running MPEG CLK

In this case, the MPEG_CLK is free running. The CLK is output from the source chip even when the data stream is not available. In this mode, MPEG_CLK from the source is connected to IFCLK in FX2LP. The interface is made to operate in synchronous mode. MPEG_V from the source is connected to SLWR in FX2LP. EP2 FIFO is used in this example, so FIFOADR[1:0] is hardwired to “00”. In case of any other end points, the corresponding value should be hardwired.
2.3.2 Gated MPEG CLK
If the data source has the option to gate the MPEG_CLK internally using the MPEG_Valid, then the following changes are needed.

There is no CLK needed for this mode. The interface can be made to operate in asynchronous mode. So, MPEG_CLK is connected to the SLWR signal directly.

2.4 Example Firmware
Example code is available with this application note to ease the firmware development effort.

Two configurations are available in the example code.

MPEG_Free: This configuration is for a free running-CLK mode.

IFCONFIG = 0x03;
IFCLK source is external from the MPEG2-TS source and is configured in Slave FIFO mode.
(IFCONFIG = 0x13, to invert the polarity of the MPEG_CLK)
FIFOPINPOLAR = 0x04;
SLWR is set to be active high and the rest of the FIFO signals are in their default active low condition.
(FIFOPINPOLAR = 0x00; if SLWR is also required to be active low)
EP2CFG = 0xE0;
EP2 is configured as 4 X 512 byte buffer in BULK mode.
EP2FIFOCFG = 0x08;
EP2 FIFO is configured in 8-bit AUTOIN mode.
EP2AUTOINLENH = 0x02;
EP2AUTOINLENL = 0x00;
AUTO Commit every 512 bytes.

**MPEG_Gated:** This configuration is for gated CLK mode.

IFCLK = 0xCB;
FIFOs operate asynchronously without any CLK. Deassert SLWR to get the data into the FIFO from the 8-bit data bus.
FIFOPINPOLAR = 0x04;
SLWR is set to be active high and the rest of the FIFO signals are in their default active low condition.
(FIFOPINPOLAR =0x00, for negative edge triggered transfer mode)
EP2CFG = 0xE0;
EP2 is configured as 4 X 512 byte buffer in BULK mode.
EP2FIFOCFG = 0x08;
EP2 FIFO is configured in 8-bit AUTOIN mode.
EP2AUTOINLENH = 0x02;
EP2AUTOINLENL = 0x00;
AUTO Commit every 512 bytes.

2.5 **Design Example: TV Dongle**

MPEG2-TS to USB Bridges are critical in applications such as PC TV dongles. Figure 5 shows a TV dongle block diagram. The three main components are the tuner, demodulator, and MPEG2-TS to USB Bridge. Here, MPEG2-TS to USB bridge functionality is implemented using the FX2LP. The tuner present in the TV dongle tunes the RF signal to the specific demodulator connected to it. This sends the TV signals in the MPEG2-TS stream to FX2LP, which then sends them to the PC through the USB interface. In the PC, the BDA driver forwards the data from the USB to the media player application where it is played.

2.6 **I²C Bus**

All MPEG2 devices also require an I²C interface between the MPEG2-TS source and FX2LP. (I²C bus connection can be observed in the TV dongle block diagram that is shown in Figure 5). This is used to configure the MPEG2-TS source chip from the drivers in the host PC through USB. FX2LP has a dedicated I²C engine. This engine can be used or two GPIO pins can be bit banged for the I²C operation.

2.7 **BDA Driver Development**

The media player application, which decodes the MPEG2-TS, requires a BDA driver in the host PC to play the MPEG2-TS stream. The BDA driver development is specific and customized to the MPEG2-TS source used in the design. This must be developed based on the source. Cypress will provide support, if required, during the development phase. File a case at the Cypress customer support portal CRM. A reference design, which uses a demodulator from Legend Silicon, is available at the Cypress website. The reference design package consists of all collaterals required for the design including the hardware Gerber files, firmware hex file, and BDA driver.
3 Summary

MPEG2-TS interface can be easily implemented using the slave FIFO mode of FX2LP. Implementation details and hardware connections are mentioned in this application note. Also a design example is described to explain you the exact usage of MPEG2-TS to USB Bridge.

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Implementing an 8-Bit Parallel MPEG2-TS Interface Using Slave FIFO Mode in FX2LP

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