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CY7C1024DV33

3-Mbit (128K × 24) Static RAM

Features

- High speed
  - t_{AA} = 10 ns
- Low active power
  - I_{CC} = 175 mA at f = 100 MHz
- Low CMOS standby power
  - I_{SB2} = 25 mA
- Operating voltages of 3.3 ± 0.3 V
- 2.0 V data retention
- Automatic power-down when deselected
- Transistor-transistor logic (TTL) compatible inputs and outputs
- Easy memory expansion with $\overline{CE}_1$, CE_2, and $\overline{CE}_3$ features
- Available in Pb-free standard 119-ball PBGA

Functional Description

The CY7C1024DV33 is a high performance CMOS static RAM organized as 128 K words by 24 bits. This device has an automatic power-down feature that significantly reduces power consumption when deselected.

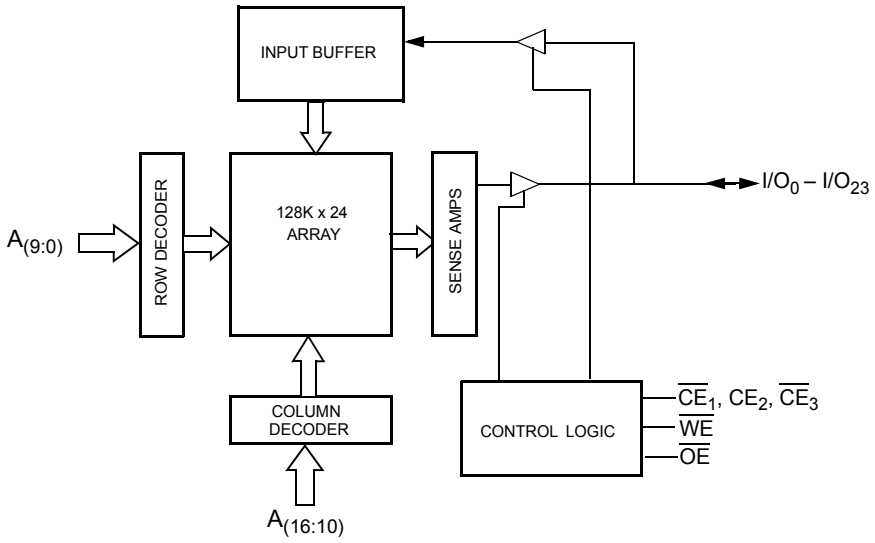
To write to the device, enable the chip ($\overline{CE}_1$ LOW, CE_2 HIGH, and $\overline{CE}_3$ LOW), while forcing the Write Enable ($\overline{WE}$) input LOW.

To read from the device, enable the chip by taking $\overline{CE}_1$ LOW, CE_2 HIGH, and $\overline{CE}_3$ LOW while forcing the Output Enable ($\overline{OE}$) LOW and the Write Enable ($\overline{WE}$) HIGH. See the Truth Table on page 7 for a complete description of Read and Write modes.

The 24 I/O pins (I/O_0 to I/O_{23}) are placed in a high impedance state when the device is deselected ($\overline{CE}_1$ HIGH, CE_2 LOW, or $\overline{CE}_3$ HIGH) or when the output enable ($\overline{OE}$) is HIGH during a write operation. ($\overline{CE}_1$ LOW, CE_2 HIGH, $\overline{CE}_3$ LOW, and $\overline{WE}$ LOW).

For a complete list of related documentation, click here.

Logic Block Diagram



Selection Guide

Description	–10	Unit
Maximum access time	10	ns
Maximum operating current	175	mA
Maximum CMOS standby current	25	mA

Pin Configuration

Figure 1. 119-Ball PBGA Top View [1]

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
A	NC	A	A	A	A	A	NC
B	NC	A	A	$\overline{CE}_1$	A	A	NC
C	I/O_{12}	NC	CE_2	NC	$\overline{CE}_3$	NC	I/O_0
D	I/O_{13}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	I/O_1
E	I/O_{14}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	I/O_2
F	I/O_{15}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	I/O_3
G	I/O_{16}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	I/O_4
H	I/O_{17}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	I/O_5
J	NC	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	NC
K	I/O_{18}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	I/O_6
L	I/O_{19}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	I/O_7
M	I/O_{20}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	I/O_8
N	I/O_{21}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	I/O_9
P	I/O_{22}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	I/O_{10}
R	I/O_{23}	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	I/O_{11}
T	NC	A	A	$\overline{WE}$	A	A	NC
U	NC	A	A	$\overline{OE}$	A	A	NC

Note
1. NC pins are not connected on the die.

Maximum Ratings

Exceeding maximum ratings may impair the useful life of the device. These user guidelines are not tested.

Storage temperature ..... –65 °C to +150 °C

Ambient temperature with power applied ..... –55 °C to +125 °C

Supply Voltage on V_{CC} Relative to GND [2] ..–0.5 V to +4.6 V

DC Voltage Applied to Outputs in high Z state [2] ..... –0.5 V to V_{CC} + 0.5 V

DC input voltage [2] ..... –0.5 V to V_{CC} + 0.5 V

Current into outputs (LOW) ..... 20 mA

Static discharge voltage..... .....>2001 V (MIL-STD-883, method 3015)

Latch-up current ..... >200 mA

Operating Range

Range	Ambient Temperature	V_{CC}
Industrial	–40 °C to +85 °C	3.3 V ± 0.3 V

DC Electrical Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions [3]	–10		Unit
			Min	Max	
V_{OH}	Output HIGH voltage	Min V_{CC}, I_{OH} = –4.0 mA	2.4		V
V_{OL}	Output LOW voltage	Min V_{CC}, I_{OL} = 8.0 mA		0.4	V
V_{IH}	Input HIGH voltage		2.0	V_{CC} + 0.3	V
V_{IL} [2]	Input LOW voltage		–0.3	0.8	V
I_{IX}	Input leakage current	GND ≤ V_{IN} ≤ V_{CC}	–1	+1	µA
I_{OZ}	Output leakage current	GND ≤ V_{OUT} ≤ V_{CC}, output disabled	–1	+1	µA
I_{CC}	V_{CC} operating supply current	Max V_{CC}, f = f_{MAX} = $1/t_{RC}$ I_{OUT} = 0 mA CMOS levels		175	mA
I_{SB1}	Automatic CE power-down current —TTL inputs	Max V_{CC}, $\overline{CE}$ ≥ V_{IH} V_{IN} ≥ V_{IH} or V_{IN} ≤ V_{IL}, f = f_{MAX}		30	mA
I_{SB2}	Automatic CE power-down current — CMOS inputs	Max V_{CC}, $\overline{CE}$ ≥ V_{CC} – 0.3 V, V_{IN} ≥ V_{CC} – 0.3 V, or V_{IN} ≤ 0.3 V, f = 0		25	mA

Capacitance

Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Max	Unit
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	T_A = 25 °C, f = 1 MHz, V_{CC} = 3.3 V	8	pF
C_{OUT}	I/O capacitance		10	pF

Thermal Resistance

Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	119-Ball PBGA	Unit
Θ_{JA}	Thermal resistance (junction to ambient)	Still air, soldered on a 3 × 4.5 inch, four layer printed circuit board	20.31	°C/W
Θ_{JC}	Thermal resistance (junction to case)		8.35	°C/W

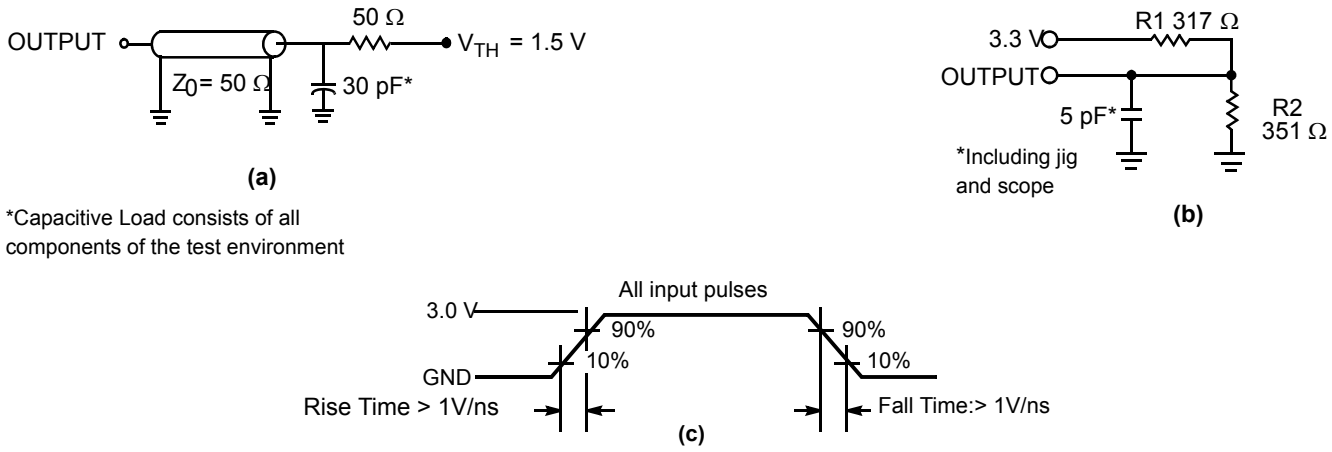
Notes

2. $\underline{V_{IL}}$ (min) = –2.0 V and V_{IH}(max) = V_{CC} + 2 V for pulse durations of less than 20 ns.
3. $\overline{CE}$ refers to a combination of $\overline{CE_1}$, CE_2, and $\overline{CE_3}$. $\overline{CE}$ is LOW when $\overline{CE_1}$, $\overline{CE_3}$ are LOW and CE_2 is HIGH. $\overline{CE}$ is HIGH when $\overline{CE_1}$ is HIGH, or CE_2 is LOW, or $\overline{CE_3}$ is HIGH.

AC Test Loads and Waveforms

The AC test loads and waveform diagram follows.

Figure 2. AC Test Loads and Waveform[4]



AC Switching Characteristics

Over the Operating Range [5]

Parameter	Description	–10		Unit
		Min	Max	
Read Cycle				
t_{power}[6]	V_{CC}(Typical) to the first access	100	–	µs
t_{RC}	Read cycle time	10	–	ns
t_{AA}	Address to data valid	–	10	ns
t_{OHA}	Data hold from address change	3	–	ns
t_{ACE}	$\overline{CE}$ active LOW to data valid [3]	–	10	ns
t_{DOE}	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to data valid	–	5	ns
t_{LZOE}	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to low Z [7]	1	–	ns
t_{HZOE}	$\overline{OE}$ HIGH to high Z [7]	–	5	ns
t_{LZCE}	$\overline{CE}$ active LOW to low Z [3, 7]	3	–	ns
t_{HZCE}	$\overline{CE}$ deselect HIGH to high Z [3, 7]	–	5	ns
t_{PU}	$\overline{CE}$ active LOW to power-up [3, 8]	0	–	ns
t_{PD}	$\overline{CE}$ deselect HIGH to power-down [3, 8]	–	10	ns

Notes

4. Valid SRAM operation does not occur until the power supplies have reached the minimum operating V_{DD} (3.0 V). 100 µs (t_{power}) after reaching the minimum operating V_{DD}, normal SRAM operation can begin including reduction in V_{DD} to the data retention (V_{CCDR}, 2.0 V) voltage.
5. Test conditions assume signal transition time of 3 ns or less, timing reference levels of 1.5V, and input pulse levels of 0 to 3.0 V. Test conditions for the read cycle use output loading as shown in part a) of Figure 2, unless specified otherwise.
6. t_{POWER} gives the minimum amount of time that the power supply is at typical V_{CC} values until the first memory access is performed.
7. t_{HZOE}, t_{HZCE}, t_{HZWE}, t_{LZOE}, t_{LZCE}, and t_{LZWE} are specified with a load capacitance of 5 pF as in part (b) of Figure 2. Transition is measured ±200 mV from steady state voltage.
8. These parameters are guaranteed by design and are not tested.

AC Switching Characteristics (continued)

Over the Operating Range [5]

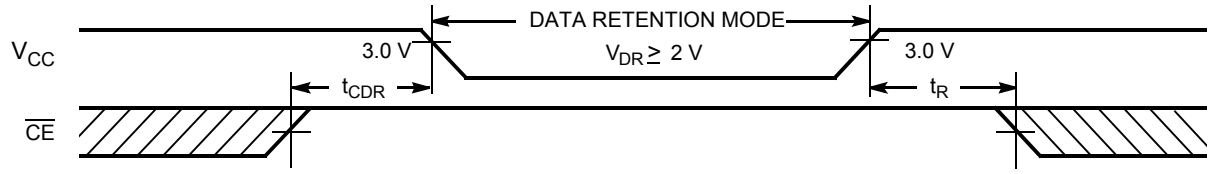
Parameter	Description	–10		Unit
		Min	Max	
Write Cycle [9, 10]				
t_{WC}	Write cycle time	10	–	ns
t_{SCE}	$\overline{CE}$ active LOW to write end [3]	7	–	ns
t_{AW}	Address setup to write end	7	–	ns
t_{HA}	Address hold from write end	0	–	ns
t_{SA}	Address setup to write start	0	–	ns
t_{PWE}	$\overline{WE}$ pulse width	7	–	ns
t_{SD}	Data setup to write end	5.5	–	ns
t_{HD}	Data hold from write end	0	–	ns
t_{LZWE}	$\overline{WE}$ HIGH to low Z [7]	3	–	ns
t_{HZWE}	$\overline{WE}$ LOW to high Z [7]	–	5	ns

Data Retention Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Conditions [3]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{DR}	V_{CC} for data retention		2	–	–	V
I_{CCDR}	Data retention current	$V_{CC} = 2$ V, $\overline{CE} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2$ V, $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2$ V or $V_{IN} \leq 0.2$ V	–	–	25	mA
t_{CDR} [11]	Chip deselect to data retention time		0	–	–	ns
t_R [12]	Operation recovery time		t_{RC}	–	–	ns

Data Retention Waveform



Notes

9. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of $\overline{CE}_1$ and CE_2 and $\overline{CE}_3$ LOW and $\overline{WE}$ LOW. Chip enables must be active and $\overline{WE}$ must be LOW to initiate a write. The transition of any of these signals terminate the write. The input data setup and hold timing is referenced to the leading edge of the signal that terminates the write.
10. The minimum write cycle time for Write Cycle No. 3 ($\overline{WE}$ controlled, $\overline{OE}$ LOW) is the sum of t_{HZWE} and t_{SD}.
11. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.
12. Full device operation requires linear V_{CC} ramp from V_{DR} to $V_{CC(min)} \geq 50$ µs or stable at $V_{CC(min)} \geq 50$ µs.

Switching Waveforms

Figure 3. Read Cycle No. 1 (Address Transition Controlled) [13, 14]

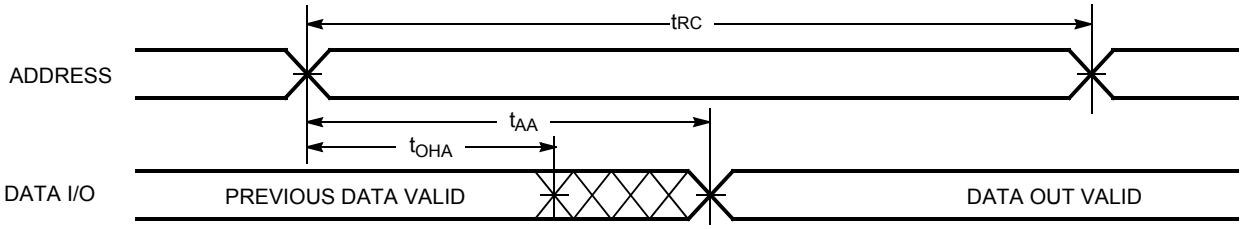


Figure 4. Read Cycle No. 2 ($\overline{OE}$ Controlled) [3, 14, 15]

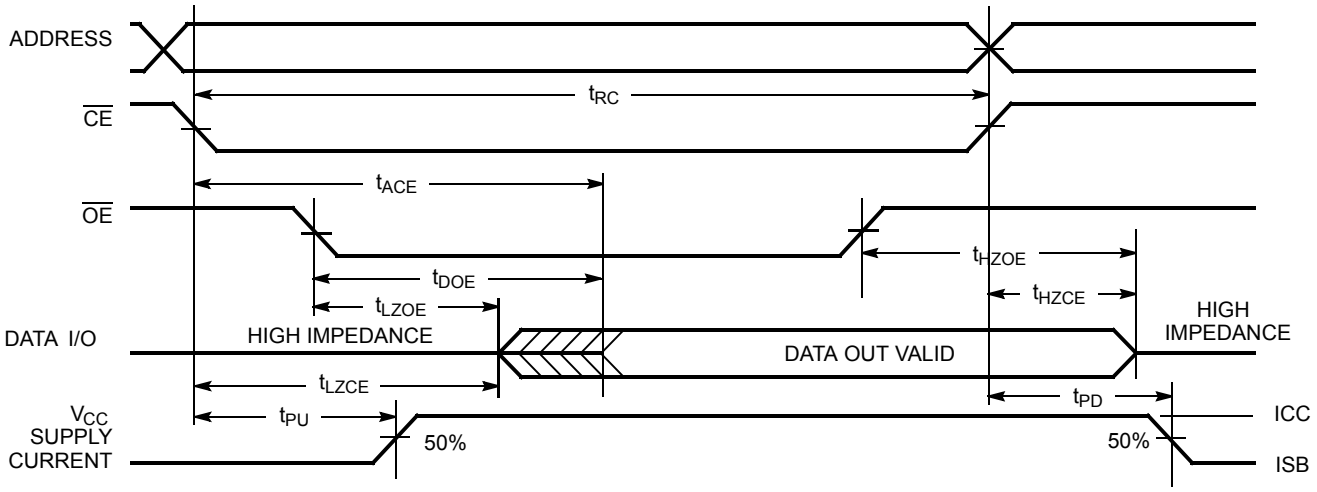
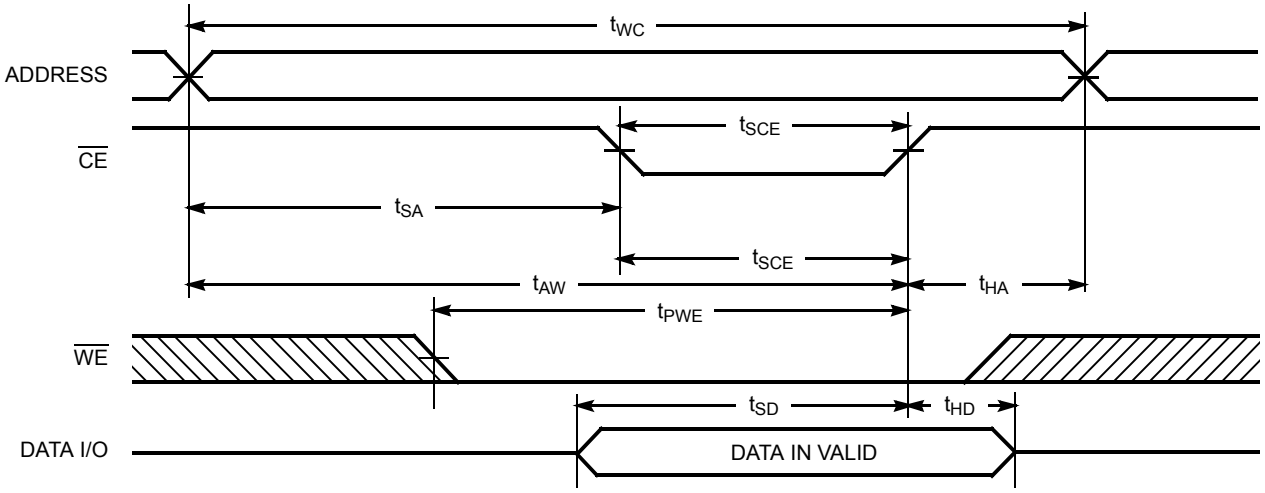


Figure 5. Write Cycle No. 1 ($\overline{CE}$ Controlled) [3, 16, 17]



Notes
13. Device is continuously selected. $\overline{OE}$, $\overline{CE}$ = V_{IL}.
14. $\overline{WE}$ is HIGH for read cycle.
15. Address valid before or similar to $\overline{CE}$ transition LOW.
16. Data I/O is high impedance if $\overline{OE}$ = V_{IH}.
17. If $\overline{CE}$ goes HIGH simultaneously with $\overline{WE}$ going HIGH, the output remains in a high impedance state.

Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 6. Write Cycle No. 2 ($\overline{WE}$ Controlled, $\overline{OE}$ HIGH During Write) [3, 16, 17]

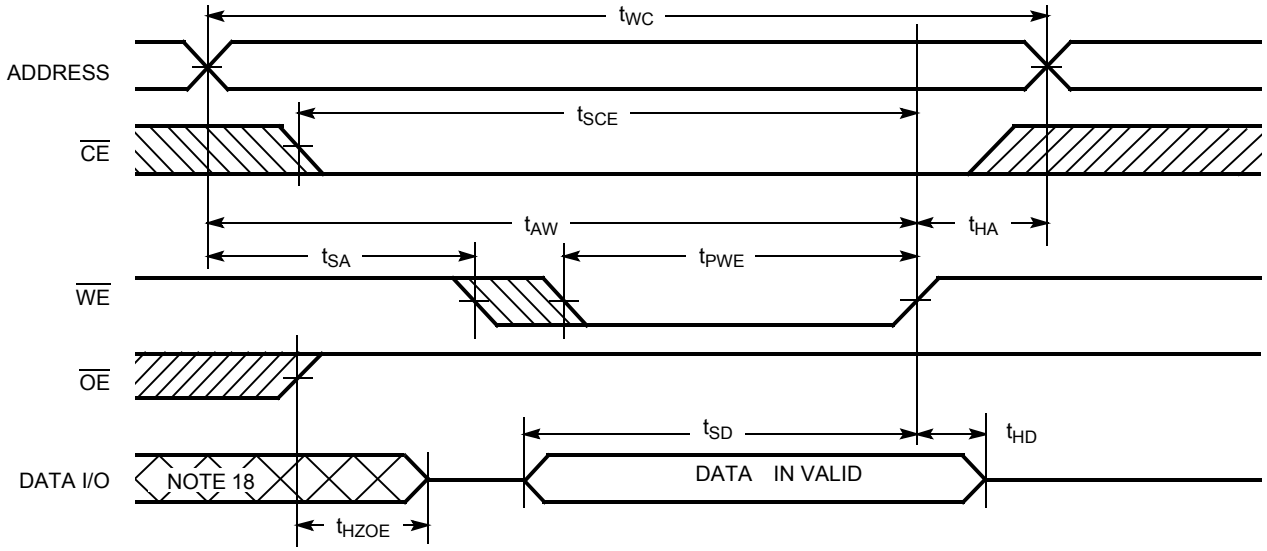
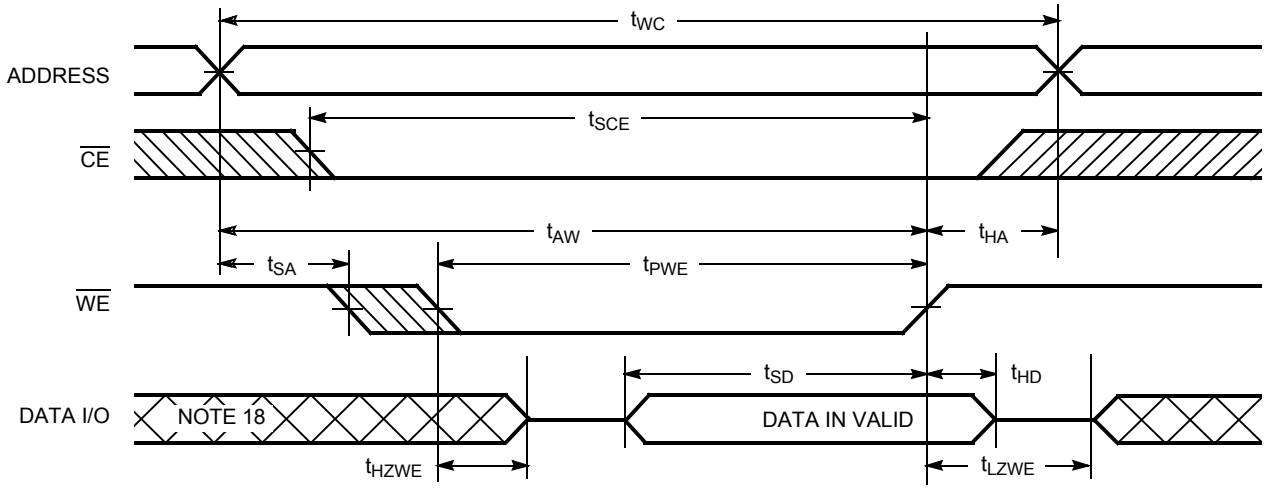


Figure 7. Write Cycle No. 3 ($\overline{WE}$ Controlled, $\overline{OE}$ LOW) [3, 17, 19]



Truth Table

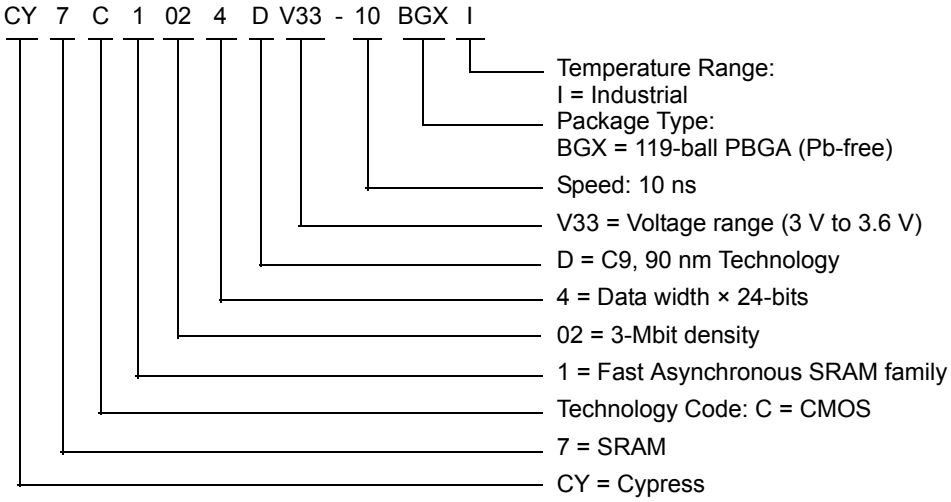
$\overline{CE_1}$	CE_2	$\overline{CE_3}$	$\overline{OE}$	$\overline{WE}$	$I/O_0 – I/O_{23}$	Mode	Power
H	X	X	X	X	High Z	Power-down	Standby (I_{SB})
X	L	X	X	X	High Z	Power-down	Standby (I_{SB})
X	X	H	X	X	High Z	Power-down	Standby (I_{SB})
L	H	L	L	H	Full Data Out	Read	Active (I_{CC})
L	H	L	X	L	Full Data In	Write	Active (I_{CC})
L	H	L	H	H	High Z	Selected, outputs disabled	Active (I_{CC})

Note
18. During this period, the I/Os are in the output state and input signals are not applied.
19. The minimum write cycle pulse width should be equal to the sum of t_{SD} and t_{HZWE}.

Ordering Information

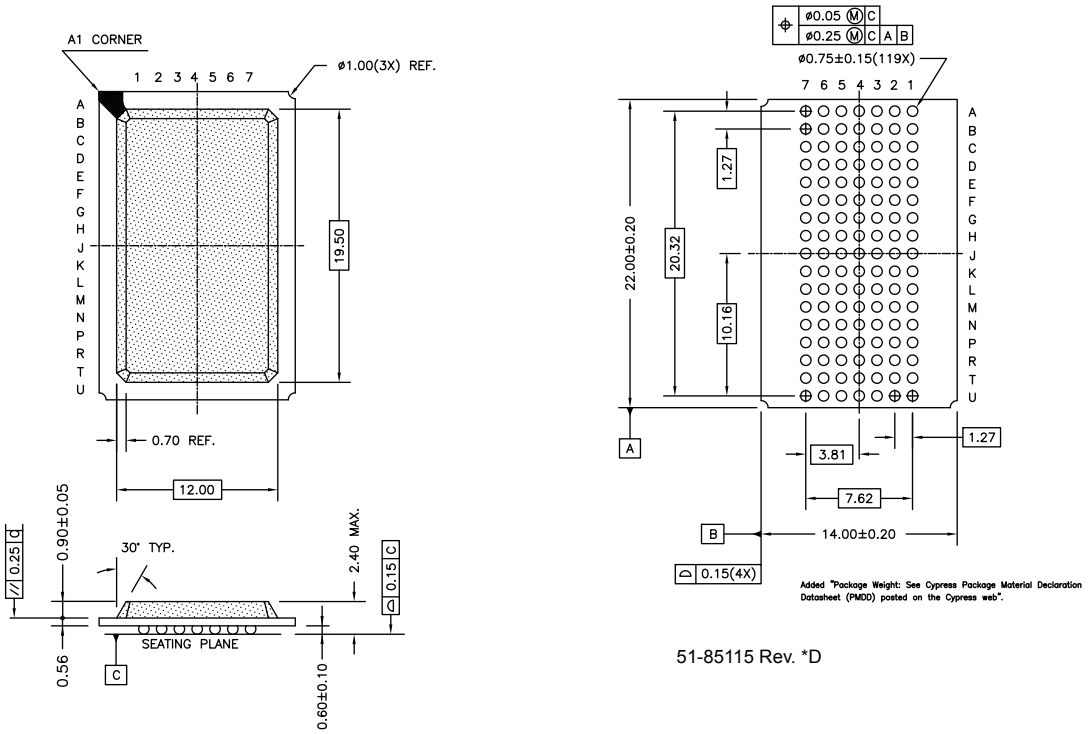
Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
10	CY7C1024DV33-10BGXI	51-85115	119-ball Plastic Ball Grid Array (14 x 22 x 2.4 mm) (Pb-free)	Industrial

Ordering Code Definitions



Package Diagram

Figure 8. 119-ball PBGA (14 x 22 x 2.4 mm)



51-85115 Rev. *D

Acronyms

Acronym	Description
CMOS	complementary metal oxide semiconductor
I/O	input/output
SRAM	static random access memory
TSOP	thin small outline package
TTL	Transistor-transistor logic

Document Conventions

Units of Measure

Symbol	Unit of Measure
°C	degrees Celsius
µA	microamperes
mA	milliamperes
MHz	megahertz
ns	nanoseconds
pF	picofarads
V	volts
Ω	ohms
W	watts

Document History Page

Document Title: CY7C1024DV33, 3-Mbit (128K × 24) Static RAM Document Number: 001-08353				
Rev.	**ECN No.**	**Orig. of Change**	**Submission Date**	**Description of Change**
**	469517	NXR	See ECN	New data sheet
*A	499604	NXR	See ECN	Added note 1 for NC pins Changed I_{CC} specification from 150 mA to 185 mA Updated Test Condition for I_{CC} in DC Electrical Characteristics table Added note for t_{ACE}, t_{LZCE}, t_{HZCE}, t_{PU}, t_{PD}, t_{SCE} in AC Switching Characteristics Table on page 4
*B	1462586	VKN/SFV	See ECN	Converted from preliminary to final Updated block diagram Changed I_{CC} specification from 185 mA to 225 mA Updated thermal specs
*C	2604677	VKN/PYRS	11/12/08	Removed Commercial operating range, Added Industrial operating range Removed 8 ns speed bin, Added 10 ns speed bin
*D	3109199	PRAS	12/13/2010	Added Ordering Code Definitions. Updated Package Diagram.
*E	3388080	TAVA	09/29/2011	Minor technical edits. Added Acronyms and Document Conventions. Updated template.
*F	4548836	MEMJ	10/22/2014	Updated Package Diagram spec 51-85115 – Changed revision from *C to *D Completing Sunset Review.
*G	4576478	MEMJ	11/21/2014	Added related documentation hyperlink in page 1. Added Note 19 in Switching Waveforms. Added note reference 19 in Figure 7.

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