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**Spec No:** 002-05226

**Spec Title:** AN205226 - F2MC-8FX Family MB95F430H  
Series Capacitance Touch Sensor Use  
TSC2\_Demo\_434.Lib

**Replaced by:** NONE

**F<sup>2</sup>MC-8FX Family MB95F430H Series Capacitance Touch Sensor Use TSC2\_Demo\_434.Lib**

This application note describes Cypress TSC solution, and describes how to use TSC library and TSC GUI.

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**1 Introduction**
**1.1 Purpose**

This application note describes Cypress TSC solution, and describes how to use TSC library and TSC GUI.

**1.2 Definitions, Acronyms and Abbreviations**
**1.3 Document Overview**

The rest of document is organized as the following:

Chapter 2 explains the working principles of used solution.

Chapter 3 explains how to use TSC library.

Chapter 4 explains LIB usage notice.

**2 Solutions**

This chapter introduces working principles of TSC solutions used in TSC2\_EVB\_434.LIB.

**2.1 AD Discharge Solution**

The theory of capacitance touch sensor is to check capacitance increment. As follows, when finger not touch the  $C = C_p$ , when touching the  $C = C_p + C_f$ , and the increment is  $\Delta C = C_f$ . This  $\Delta C$  will affect the electrode charging-up time.

The AD discharge method detects the touch action by compare the voltage difference at the same time.

Let  $V_1$  is voltage of electrode at time  $t$  in finger not touch situation. When finger touching, speed of electrode discharging will be delayed (because of  $\Delta C$ ). At the same time  $t$ , the voltage is  $V_2$  which larger than  $V_1$ . MCU can detect the touch action by compare this voltage change.

Figure 1. AD Discharge method Physical Diagram

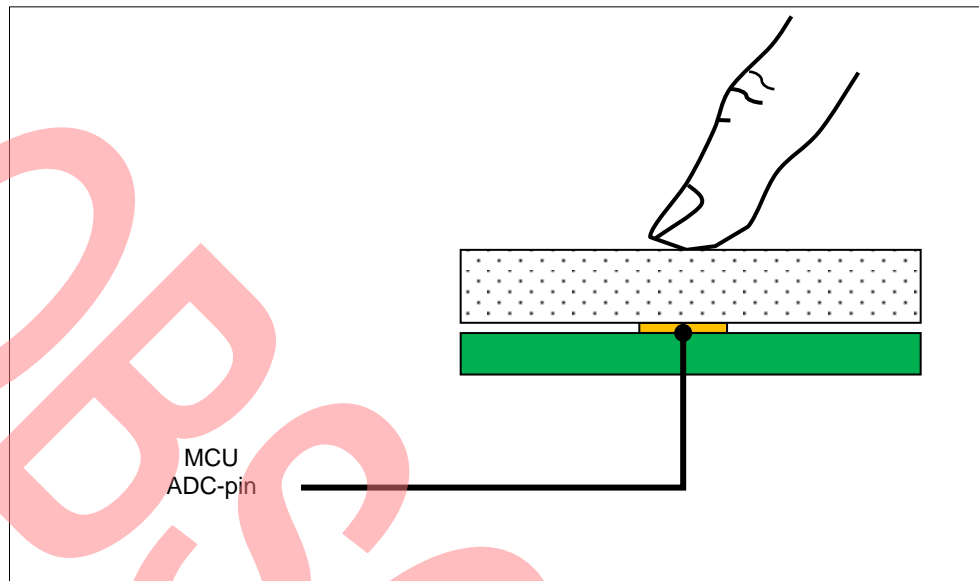
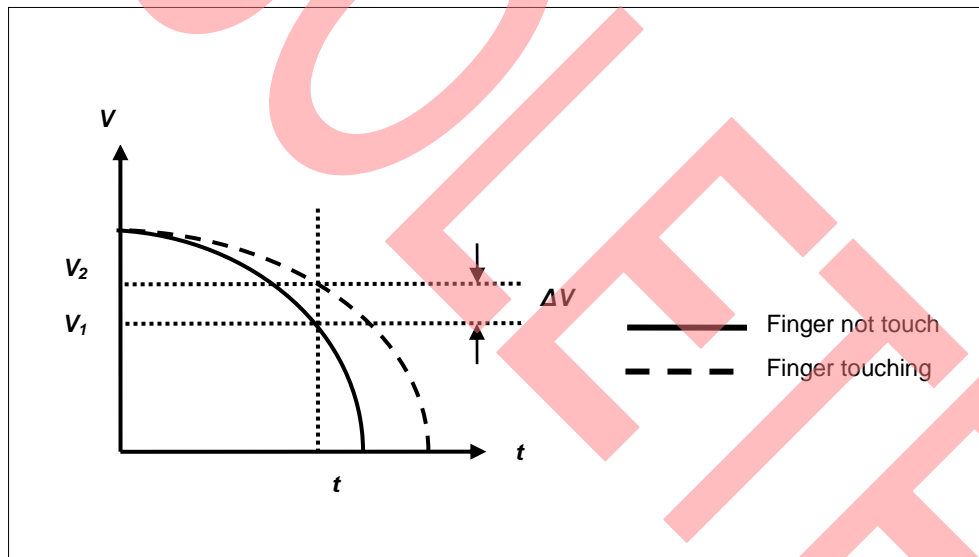


Figure 2. AD Discharge method Curve Graph

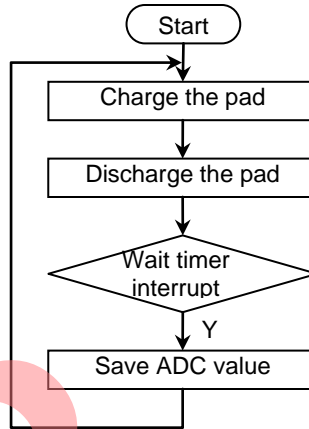


The AD Discharge method includes the following steps:

1. Set pin to input (high impedance) to charge the pad
2. Set pin to output 'L' to discharge the pad
3. Get the ADC value periodically
4. Save ADC value
5. Start next sample

The flowchart shown as below

Figure 3. AD Discharge method Check Flowchart



## 2.2 Relaxation Oscillation Solution

The theory of capacitance touch sensor is to check capacitance increment. As follows, when finger not touch the  $C = C_p$ , when touching the  $C = C_p + C_f$ , and the increment is  $\Delta C = C_f$ . This  $\Delta C$  will affect the electrode charging-up time.

The Relaxation Oscillation method detects the touch action by compare the frequency difference which is dependent upon the time.

A simple relaxation oscillator can be created using the MCU's on-chip comparator and the capacitive sensor as the tuning element. Any change in capacitance of the sensor corresponds to a change in frequency which can be measured using the internal PWC (Pulse Width Capture) hardware of the MCU.

Figure 4. Relaxation Oscillation method physical diagram

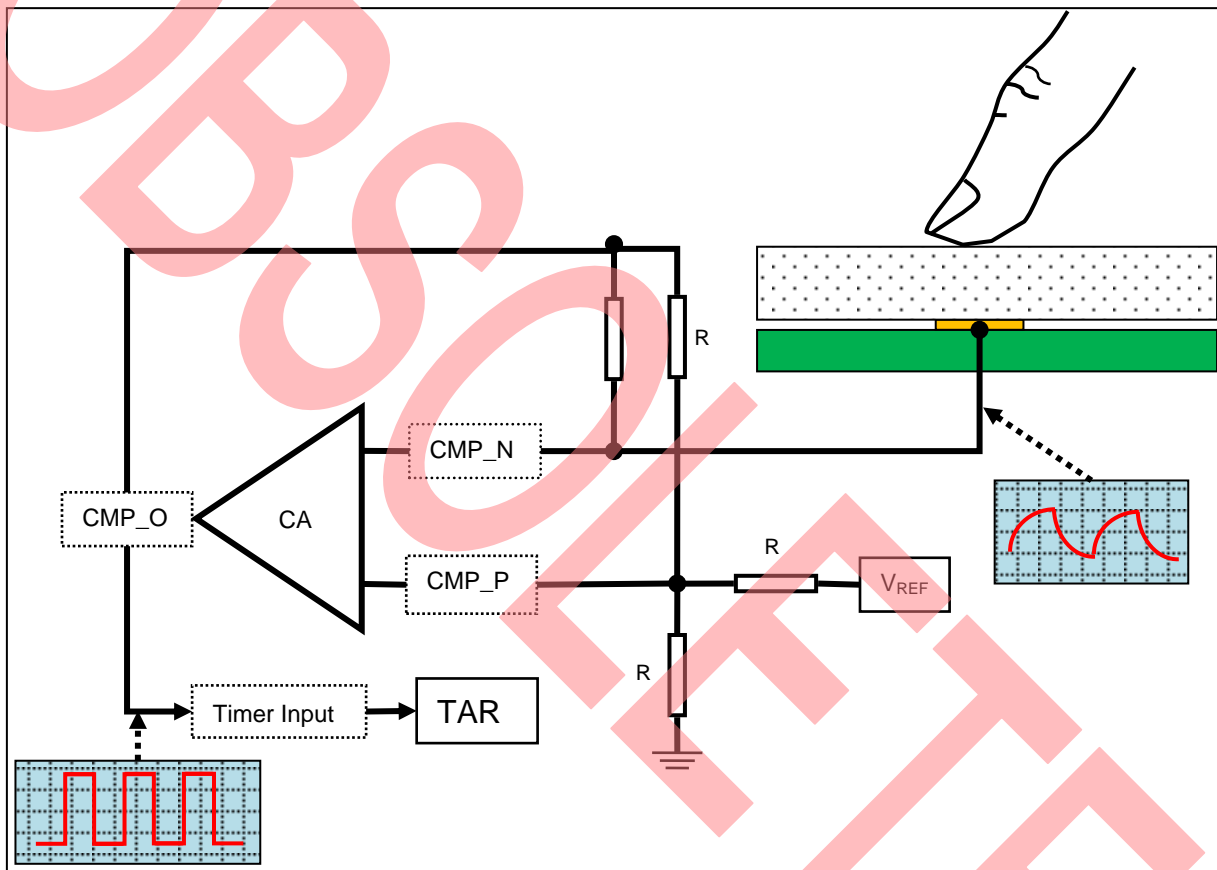
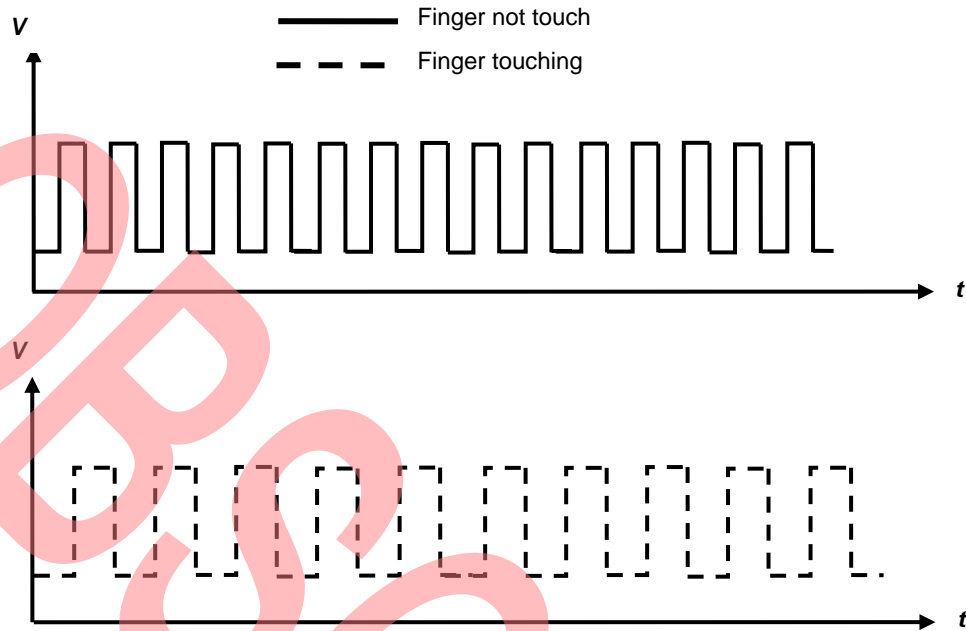


Figure 5. Relaxation Oscillation method curve graph

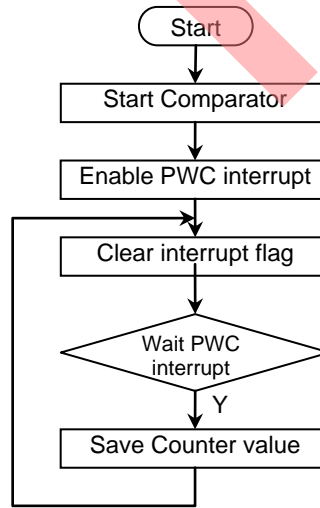


The Relaxation Oscillation method includes the following steps:

1. Configure register of Comparator
2. Enable PWC interrupt
3. Clear interrupt flag
4. Get the counter value in interrupt service routine
5. Save counter value
6. Start next sample

The flowchart shown as below

Figure 6. Relaxation Oscillation method Check Flowchart



### 3 Library

This chapter introduces how to use TSC library.

#### 3.1 Library Overview

There are parameters which user need to setup, and 4 functions as API for user's situations. All the parameters and functions are introduced as follow.

Table 1. Parameters List

Name	Description	Remark
Key_Const type	TSC Key data structure type define	N/A
TSC_ADKEY	TSC AD data structure array	N/A
TSC_CMPKEY	TSC CMP data structure array	N/A
TSC_ADKeyNum	TSC AD Key Number	N/A
TSC_CMPKeyNum	TSC CMP Key Number	N/A
TSCKEY_ADPORT [1..3]	TSC AD Key IO port	N/A
TSCKEY_CMPREFDATA	TSC CMP Key REF pin data	N/A
TSCKEY_CMPREFDIR	TSC CMP Key REF pin direction	N/A
TSCKEY_ADPIN [0..7]	TSC Key IO pin	N/A
TSCKEY_ADSampleNumConst	TSC GPIO Key sample number	N/A
TSCKEY_CMPSampleNumConst	TSC AD Key sample number	N/A
TSC_ADThreshold	TSC GPIO Key Threshold data array	N/A
TSC_CMPThreshold	TSC AD Key Threshold data array	N/A
TSC_TimerData	TSC Key Timer Dare register	N/A
TSC_TimerEn	TSC Key Timer Start/Stop control bit	N/A

Table 2. Functions List

Prototype	Function Description	Remark
TSCKey_ADInit	This function initializes the timer used, the data structures of the library and calculates the initial capacitance of the electrodes.	N/A
TSCKey_ADCheck	This function is used to Check if the charge process are completed and save the value.	N/A
TSCKey_GetADValue	This function is used to detect the key touched status, and generate a specific key word.	N/A
TSCKey_CMPInit	This function initializes the timer used, the data structures of the library and calculates the initial capacitance of the electrodes.	N/A
T00PWC_ISR	This function as the interrupt service routine to capture the oscillation wave and count the value	N/A
TSCKey_GetGPIOValue	This function is used to detect the key touched status, and generate a specific key word.	N/A
TSCKey_UpdateThr	This function is used to update the threshold set by the GUI and refresh the detect difference	N/A



## 3.2 Parameters Setup

### 3.2.1 Structure type define

Every TSC Key have 4 attributes include: initial status, count value, threshold value and difference threshold value. User can define new key directly using the following structure.

```
typedef struct
{
    unsigned char InitFlag;           /**< Contains the initial status
    unsigned int Value;               /**< Contains the count value
    unsigned int Threshold;          /**< Contains the threshold value now
    unsigned int DifThreshold;       /**< Contains the threshold temp value
} Key_Const;
```

All the keys which have been defined can make up a array which length will defined by the parameter *TSC\_GPIOKeyNum* and *TSC\_ADKeyNum*

### 3.2.2 Port and Pin define

Parameter *TSCKEY\_ADPORT[1..3]*, *TSCKEY\_CMPPORT* are used to configure the TSC pin. The *TSCKEY\_ADPORT*, *TSCKEY\_CMPPORT*, directly use the register value on the data sheet, and the *TSCKEY\_ADPIN[0..7]* configure the pin (use the continuous pin in same port are recommend, because that will be good at the sample speed).

### 3.2.3 Sample parameters setup

The parametes:

```
#define TSCKEY_ADSampleNumConst 10 //Sample number
#define TSCKEY_CMPSampleNumConst 20 //Sample number

#define TSCKEY_ADDifThrOffset 130 //Threshold Difference Offset
#define TSCKEY_CMPDifThrOffset 120 //Threshold Difference Offset

#define TSC_TimerData T00DR //Timer Data
#define TSC_TimerEn T00CR1_STA //Timer Enable

extern unsigned int TSC_ADThreshold[TSC_KeyNum];
extern unsigned int TSC_CMPThreshold[TSC_KeyNum];
```

used to configure the sample number, threshold, and timer initial value.

### 3.2.4 Example of Parameters Setup

```

#define TSCKEY_ADSampleNumConst 10 //Sample number
#define TSCKEY_CMPSampleNumConst 20 //Sample number

#define TSCKEY_ADDifThrOffset 130 //Threshold Difference Offset
#define TSCKEY_CMPDifThrOffset 120 //Threshold Difference Offset

#define TSC_ADKeyNum 8 //TSCKey number
#define TSC_CMPKeyNum 1 //TSCKey number

#define TSCKEY_CMPREFDATA PDR7_P76 //TSCKey pin data >>P76
#define TSCKEY_CMPREFDIR DDR7_P76 //TSCKey pin dir >>P76

#define TSCKEY_ADPORT1 0x0000 //TSCKey port register >>P0
#define TSCKEY_ADPORT2 0x0018 //TSCKey port register >>P7
#define TSCKEY_ADPORT3 0x0016 //TSCKey port register >>P6

#define TSCKEY_ADPIN1 0x01 //TSCKey pin dir & data >>P00
#define TSCKEY_ADPIN2 0x02 //TSCKey pin dir & data >>P01
#define TSCKEY_ADPIN3 0x04 //TSCKey pin dir & data >>P02
#define TSCKEY_ADPIN4 0x20 //TSCKey pin dir & data >>P04
#define TSCKEY_ADPIN5 0x40 //TSCKey pin dir & data >>P05
#define TSCKEY_ADPIN6 0x02 //TSCKey pin dir & data >>P71
#define TSCKEY_ADPIN7 0x04 //TSCKey pin dir & data >>P72
#define TSCKEY_ADPIN8 0x08 //TSCKey pin dir & data >>P63

#define TSC_TimerData T00DR //Timer Data
#define TSC_TimerEn T00CR1_STA //Timer Enable

typedef struct
{
    unsigned char InitFlag; //<Contains the initial status
    unsigned int Value; //<Contains the count value
    unsigned int Threshold; //<Contains the threshold value
    unsigned int DifThreshold; //<Contains the difference threshold
} Key_Const;

extern unsigned int TSC_GPIOThreshold[TSC_KeyNum];
extern unsigned int TSC_ADThreshold[TSC_KeyNum];

extern Key_Const TSC_GPIOKEY[TSC_GPIOKeyNum];
extern Key_Const TSC_ADKEY[TSC_ADKeyNum];

```

### 3.3 Application Interface

All the functions supplied by the TSC.lib will be introduced below, include the function prototype, input parameter(s), return value(s), and the function description.

#### 3.3.1 Initialization Function

Table 3. Initialization Function Table (AD Method)

<b>Prototype</b>	void TSCKey_ADInit (Key_Const *Key);		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Key_Const *	Key	Pointer to the TSC Key array
<b>Return</b>	void		
<b>Description</b>	This function initializes the timer used, the data structures of the library and calculates the initial capacitance of the electrodes.		
<b>Remark</b>	N/A		

Table 4. Initialization Function Table (RO Method)

<b>Prototype</b>	void TSCKey_CMPIInit (Key_Const *Key);		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Key_Const *	Key	Pointer to the TSC Key array
<b>Return</b>	void		
<b>Description</b>	This function initializes the timer used, the data structures of the library and calculates the initial capacitance of the electrodes.		
<b>Remark</b>	N/A		

#### 3.3.2 Check Sensor Function

Table 5. Check Sensor Function Table (AD Method)

<b>Prototype</b>	unsigned int TSCKey_ADCheck(unsigned char TSC_Port,unsigned char TSC_Pin,unsigned char TSCKEY_SampleNum)		
<b>Parameter:</b>	unsigned char*	TSC_Port	Port to be checked
	unsigned char	TSC_Pin	Pin to be checked
	unsigned char	TSCKEY_SampleNum	Sample number
<b>Return</b>	unsigned int	Check_count	The counter value
<b>Description</b>	This function is used to Check if the charge process are completed and save the value.		
<b>Remark</b>	N/A		

Table 6. Check Sensor Function Table

<b>Prototype</b>	__interrupt void T00PWC_ISR (void)
<b>Parameter:</b>	void
<b>Return</b>	void
<b>Description</b>	This function as the interrupt service routine to capture the oscillation wave and count the value
<b>Remark</b>	N/A

### 3.3.3 Get Value Function

Table 7. Get Value Function Table (AD Method)

<b>Prototype</b>	unsigned char TSCKey_GetADValue(Key_Const *Key)		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Key_Const *	Key	Pointer to the TSC Key array
<b>Return</b>	unsigned char	TSCKeyValue	The Key word for the service function Single touch mode: Only the latest detected key will be set with '0' Multi touch mode: All touched keys be set with '0'
<b>Description</b>	This function is used to detect the key touched status, and generate a specific key word.		
<b>Remark</b>	N/A		

Table 8. Get Value Function Table (RO Method)

<b>Prototype</b>	unsigned char TSCKey_GetGPIOValue(Key_Const *Key)		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Key_Const *	Key	Pointer to the TSC Key array
<b>Return</b>	unsigned char	TSCKeyValue	The Key word for the service function Single touch mode: Only the latest detected key will be set with '0' Multi touch mode: All touched keys be set with '0'
<b>Description</b>	This function is used to detect the key touched status, and generate a specific key word.		
<b>Remark</b>	N/A		

### 3.3.4 Update Threshold Function

Table 9. Update Threshold Function Table

<b>Prototype</b>	void TSCKey_UpdateThr(Key_Const *Key,unsigned char Key_Num,unsigned int *Key_Thr)		
<b>Parameter:</b>	Key_Const *	Key	Pointer to the TSC Key array
	unsigned char	Key_Num	Number of TSC Keys
	unsigned int *	TSCKEY_SampleNum	Pointer to the TSC Threshold array
<b>Return</b>	void		
<b>Description</b>	This function is used to update the threshold set by the GUI and refresh the detect difference		
<b>Remark</b>	N/A		

### 3.4 Cypress TSC Performance

Table 10. Performance

Resource	Amount	Description
ROM	1272 Byte	ROM space: If just need support 1 sensor, ROM of lib can be reduced to: 300 Byte If just need support 2 sensors, ROM of lib can be reduced to: 960 Byte If just need support 3 sensors, ROM of lib can be reduced to: 1120 Byte If need support 4 sensors, ROM of Lib is:1272 Byte
RAM	36 Byte	RAM space: If just need support 1 sensor, RAM of lib can be reduced to: 11 Byte If just need support 2 sensors, RAM of lib can be reduced to: 26 Byte If just need support 3 sensors, RAM of lib can be reduced to: 31 Byte If need support 4 sensors, RAM of Lib is:36 Byte
IO Port	1	P0
IO Pin	4	P04,P05,P06,P07
Timer	2	Timebase Timer
Serial Port	1	Serial Port(P04,P05),only use in check threshold mode
Machine Clock	>=8M	
Scan 1 Key	2 ms	

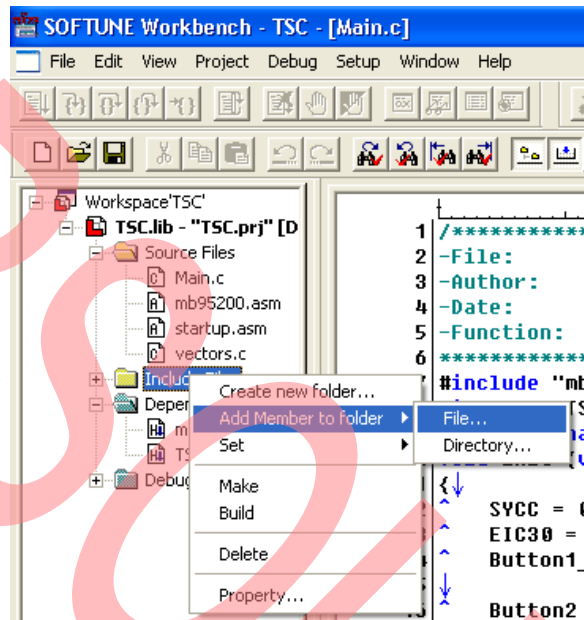
### 3.5 How to Add Cypress TSC.lib

#### 3.5.1 Add Cypress TSC.lib to User's Project

Download the software from the website: [www.cypress.com/mb95f430h](http://www.cypress.com/mb95f430h).

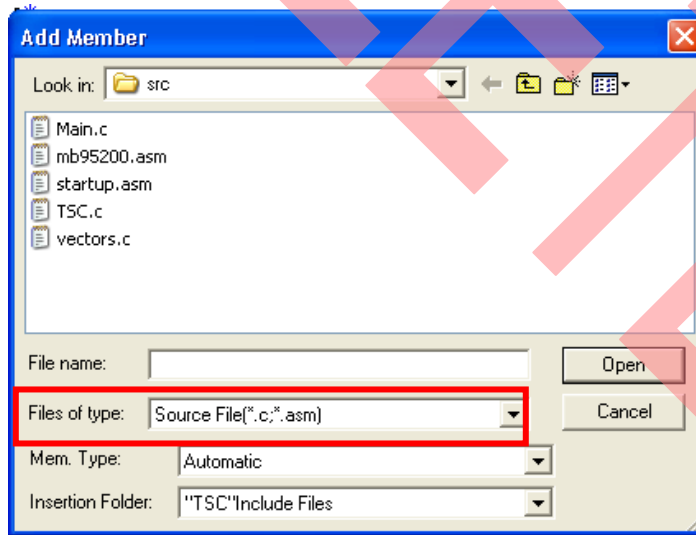
1. In Softune, Right click on folder *Include Files* → select *Add member to folder* from the menu →select *File*.

Figure 7. Add member to folder



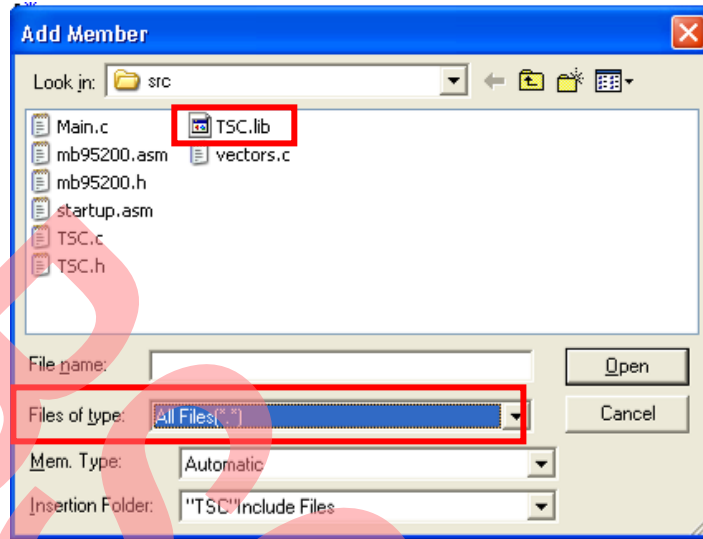
2. Because the default option of file type filters is \*.c and \*.asm, you can't found *TSC.lib* in dialog box of *Add Member*.

Figure 8. Popup Add Member dialog box



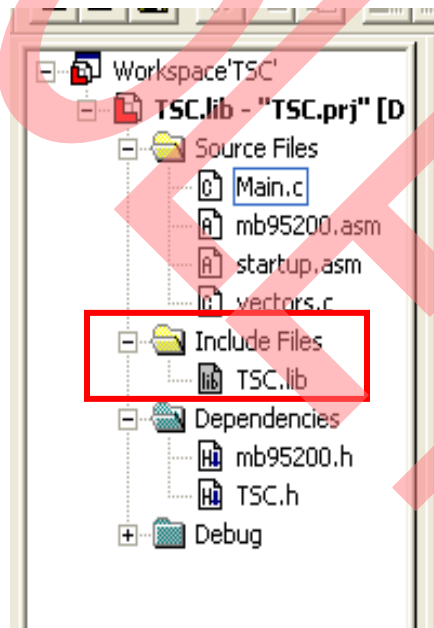
3. In *Add Member* dialog box, select 'ALL Files' from 'Files of Type', and then you will find the TSC.lib

Figure 9. Found the lib file



4. Double click TSC.lib, and then you can see it has been added in the folder *Include Files*

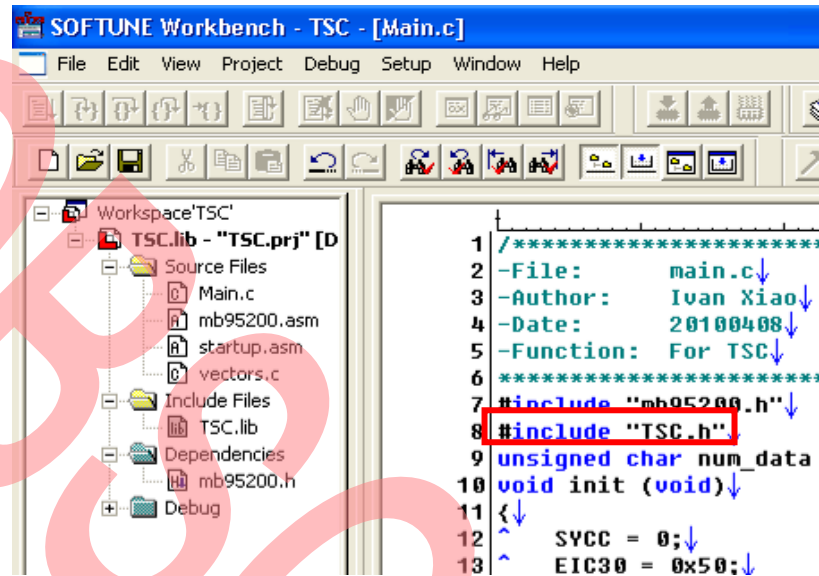
Figure 10. Add TSC.lib



### 3.5.2 Include Header File

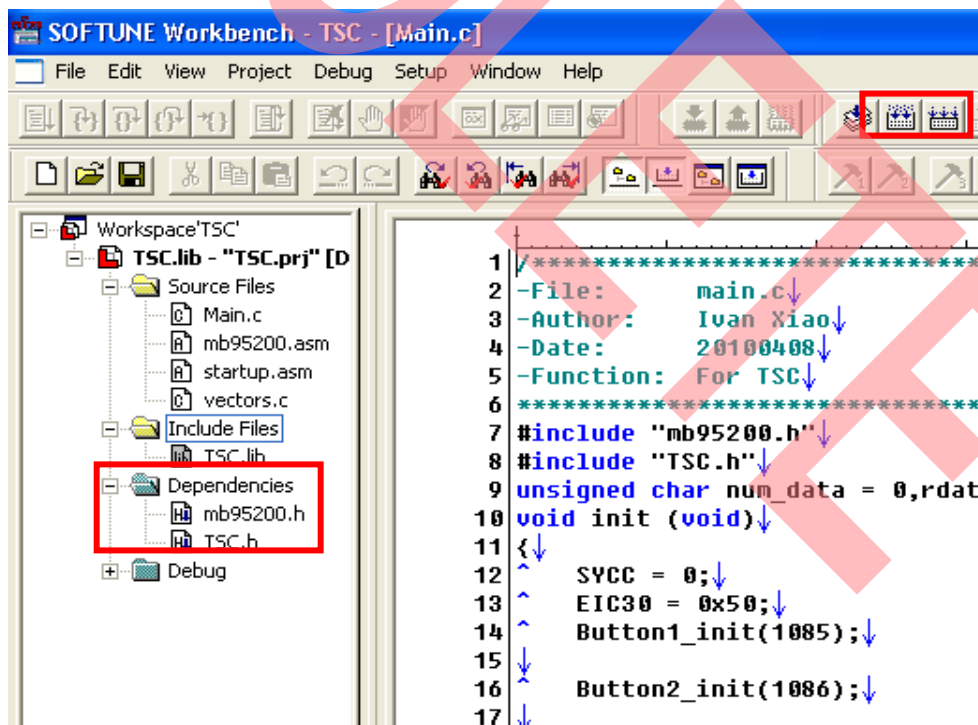
1. Add "#include"TSC.h"" in C file, such as in "main.c ".

Figure 11. Add include statement in C file



2. Compile the whole project, "TSC.h" will link TSC.lib to c file, so that user program can use API functions in TSC.lib.

Figure 12. Include header file successfully

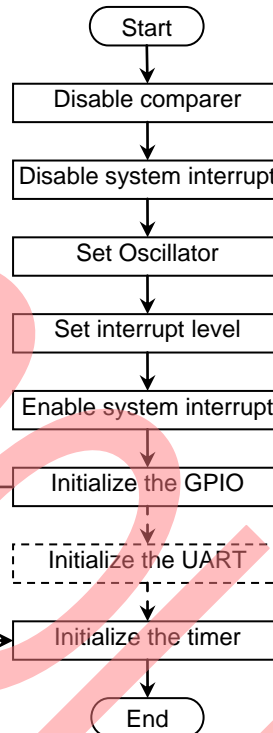




### 3.6 How to use Cypress TSC.lib

After complete above works, we can start use the TSC library now. The operation categorised by if connect to GUI. Both of two operations need initialize TSC, initialize Timer, initialize GPIO and initialize interrupt. If connect to GUI, the UART module should also be initialized.

Figure 13. Initialize Flow chart

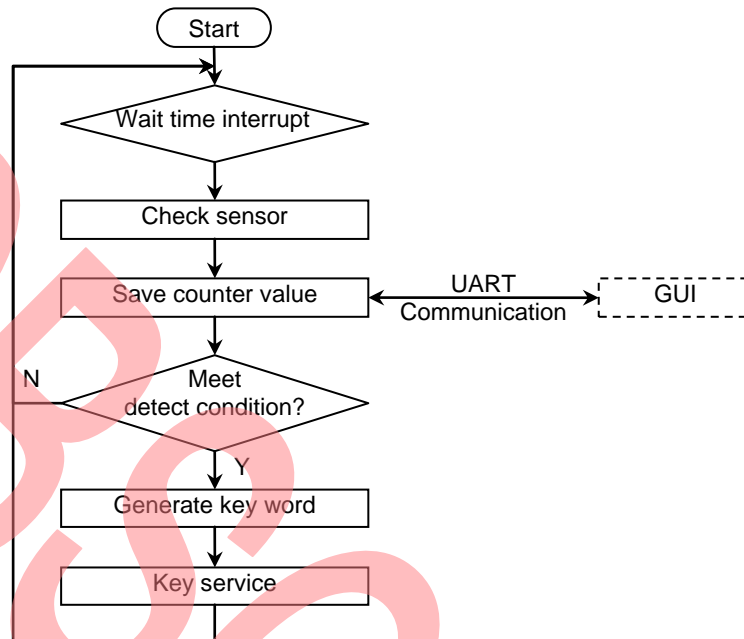


After all used modules have been initialized, program go into a endless loop, to do below step circularly:

1. Wait the time interval interrupt is generate, clear the interrupt flag
2. Check the electrodes and save the counter value
3. Judgement if the new value bigger or lower than the threshold, if meet the condition, generate the key word
4. According to the key word jump to corresponding operation (such as drive LED)
5. Go to another new loop

If connect GUI, in above process, there also have the UART interrupt, MCU need send out counter value or get new threshold from GUI. The direct of transmission is determined by the user-defined protocol.

Figure 14. Main loop Flowchart



## 4 LIB Usage Notice

This chapter introduces LIB usage notice.

- Machine clock

The machine clock should be set to 8M or above. If the machine clock is less than 8M, the sensor response is slow.

- Interrupt

This solution needs to use Timebase Timer interrupt to check sensor, and the interval time is 512us. It is unnecessary to use UART if the threshold is not gotten or tested with TSC GUI, and the interrupt setting in "vector.c" as following:

```
#include " mb95390.h"
/*****
InitIrqLevels()
This function pre-sets all interrupt control registers. It can be used
to set all interrupt priorities in static applications. If this file
contains assignments to dedicated resources, verify that the
appropriate controller is used.
*****/
void InitIrqLevels(void)
{
    #ifdef enableUART
        ILR2 = 0xFE; // IRQ8: LIN-UART (transmission)
    #else
        ILR2 = 0xFF; // IRQ8: LIN-UART (transmission)
    #endif
    ILR4 = 0x3F; // IRQ19: Timebase timer
}
/*****
Prototypes
Add your own prototypes here. Each vector definition needs is prototype.
Either do it here or include a header file containing them.
*****/
__interrupt void DefaultIRQHandler (void);
#ifdef enableUART
__interrupt void UART_ISR (void);
#endif
__interrupt void TBT_ISR (void);
```

```
/******  
Vector definition  
  
Use following statements to define vectors.  
All resource related vectors are predefined.  
Remaining software interrupts can be added hereas well.  
*****/  
#ifdef enableUART  
#pragma intvect UART_T           8 // IRQ8: LIN-UART (transmission)  
#else  
#pragma intvect DefaultIRQHandler 8 // IRQ8: LIN-UART (transmission)  
#endif  
#pragma intvect TBT_ISR          19 // IRQ19: Time base timer
```

## 5 Additional Information

For more Information on Cypress products, visit the following website:

[www.cypress.com/spansionproducts](http://www.cypress.com/spansionproducts)

## A Appendix

### A.1 Sample code

#### A.1.1 Main Function

File Name: main.c

Function: Initialize and configure

```

/*****
-File:   main.c
-Author: Lee Song
-Date:   20110510
-Function:Initialize and configure
*****/

#include "Lcd_StateGrid.h"
#include "main.h"
#include "PortDef.h"
#include "HardKey.h"
#include "TSC.h"
extern UCHAR disUpdateFlage;
extern UCHAR HideDataBuff[8];
unsigned char TSCUpdateFlag;
extern void TBT_Init(void);
volatile unsigned int Div_Counter = 0;
//=====
// Initial GPIO peripheral
//=====
void GPIO_Init(void)
{
    LCDCE1 = 0;           //Set for use GPIO
    LCDCE1_PICTL = 1;    //Set for use GPIO
    LED1_Off;
    LED2_Off;
    LEDCtrl_DirOut;
    HKEYInput_DirIn;
    BeepCtrl_Off;
    BeepCtrl_DirOut; //BEEP_Dir
}

```

```

//=====
// Beeper control function
//=====
void Beep(unsigned char num,unsigned char delay)
{
    unsigned int i,j,k;
    for(k=0;k<num;k++)
    {
        BeepCtrl_On;
        for(i=0;i<100;i++)
        {
            for(j=0;j<delay;j++);
        }
        BeepCtrl_Off;
        for(i=0;i<100;i++)
        {
            for(j=0;j<delay;j++);
        }
    }
}

//=====
// FunctionName: main
// Description:  main function
// Input: None
// Return: None
//=====
void main(void)
{
    UCHAR dataBuff[8] = {0x01, 0x02, 0x03, 0x04, 0x05, 0x06, 0x07, 0x08};
    unsigned char i = 0;
    unsigned char j = 1;
    CMR0_VCID = 1;                //Disable CMP input
    __DI();
    Osc_Setup();                  //Setup MCU main oscillator/FLL
    InitIrqLevels();             //Initialise Interrupt level register and IRQ vector table
    __EI();                       //Enable system interrupt now
    GPIO_Init();
}

```

```
TBT_Init();
IIC_Init();
#ifdef enableUART
UART_Init();
#endif
do
{
    LED1_On;
    LED2_On;
    if(TSCUpdateFlag == 1)
    {
        Div_Counter++;
        TSCUpdateFlag = 0;
    }
}
while(Div_Counter < 30);
Div_Counter = 0;
LED1_Off;
LED2_Off;
Beep(2,500);
TSCKey_Init(TSCKEY);
while(1)
{
    CallUpDateKey();
    TSCKey_Service();
    if(TSCUpdateFlag == 1)
    {
        TSCUpdateFlag = 0;
        if((Div_Counter % 9) == 0)
        {
            TSCKey_UpdateThr(TSCKEY,TSC_KeyNum,TSC_Threshold);
        }
        if(Div_Counter == 360)
        {
            Div_Counter = 0;
        }
        Div_Counter++;
    }
}
}
```

```
//=====
// Setup MCU main oscillator/FLL
// Internal clock 243KHz. Set FLL for 11MHz Bus frequency
//=====
void Osc_Setup(void)
{
    SYSC &=0xbf;           //Set PF0/PF1 as main CR pin,set PG1/PG2 as GPIO
    SYCC =0xf0;
    WATR =0xf3;
    SYCC2 =0xf4;
    while(STBC_MRDY == 0);
    RESET_WATCHDOG();
}
//=====
// Reset the watch dog timer
//=====
void RESET_WATCHDOG(void)
{
    WDTC = 0x35;
}
```



### 5.1.1 Uart Function

File Name: Uart.c

Function: Initialize and configure UART module

```

/*****
-File:   Uart.c
-Author: Lee Song
-Date:   20110610
-Function: Initialize and configure UART module
*****/
#include "mb95390.h"
#include "TSC.h"
#include "Uart.h"

unsigned char UART_Start = 0;
unsigned char UART_Sent = 0;
unsigned char UART_Get = 0;
unsigned char Threshold_N = 0;
unsigned char UART_Setfinish = 0;
unsigned char *pTSC_Threshold = (unsigned char *)TSC_Threshold;
unsigned char UART_TSCValue[UART_DBUFF_LEN] = {0};
unsigned char UART_TSCStatus[UART_SBUFF_LEN] = {0};

unsigned char UART_DBUFF_PTR = 0;
unsigned char UART_SBUFF_PTR = 0;

void UART_Init(void)
{
    UART_Dir_IN;
    UART_Dir_OUT;
    SMC10 = 0x0C; // UART/SIO Serial Mode Control Register 1 (SMC10)
    // |||||+-----Operating mode select bit (Clock asynchronous mode (UART))
    // |||||++----- Clock select bit(Dedicated baud rate generator)
    // |||+----- Character bit length control bits(8 bits)
    // ||+----- Stop bit length control bit(2-bit length)
    // |+----- Parity control bit(No parity)
    // |+----- Parity polarity bit(Even parity)
    // +----- Serial data direction control bit(Transmit/receive data from MSB side sequentially)

```

```

SMC20 = 0x5E; // UART/SIO Serial Mode Control Register 2 (SMC20)
// |||||+----- Transmission data register empty interrupt enable bit(Disables
//                transmission data register empty interrupts)
// |||||+----- Transmission completion interrupt enable bit(Enables transmission
//                completion interrupts)
// ||||+----- Reception interrupt enable bit(Enables reception interrupts)
// |||+----- Transmission operation enable bit(Enables transmission operation)
// ||+----- Reception operation enable bit(Enables reception operation)
// |+----- Reception error flag clear bit(Clears the error flags in the SSR0 register)
// +----- Serial data output enable bit(Enables serial data output)
// +----- Serial data output enable bit(Disables serial clock output (usable as
//                a general-purpose port))
PSSR0 = 0x04; // UART/SIO Dedicated Baud Rate Generator Prescaler Select Register (PSSR0)
// |||||+----- Prescaler select bits(1/1)
// |||||+----- Baud rate clock output enable bit(Enables transmission completion interrupts)
// +----- Undefined bit
BRSR0 = 26; // UART/SIO Dedicated Baud Rate Generator Baud Rate Setting
// Register (BRSR0)
// 2 ~ 255

////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
//////// Sample Asynchronous Transfer Rates by Baud Rate Generator //////////
////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
//      Total division ratio          Baud rate          //////////////////////////////////
//      (PSS x BRS x 4)          (Machine Clock/Total division ratio)////////////////////////////////
////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////

SSR0 = 0x00; // UART/SIO Serial Status Register (SSR0)
// |||||+----- Transmit data register empty flag
//                (0:Transmit data present / 1:Transmit data absent)
// |||||+----- Transmission completion flag
// |+----- Parity polarity bit(Even parity)
// +----- Serial data direction control bit(Transmit/receive data from MSB side sequentially)
}

```

```
void UART_Transmit(void)
{
    if(UART_Sent == 1)
    {
        if(UART_DBUFF_PTR < UART_DBUFF_LEN)        //Sent the data
        {
            TDR0 = UART_TSCValue[UART_DBUFF_PTR++];
        }
        else if(UART_DBUFF_PTR < (UART_DBUFF_LEN << 1))    //Sent the threshold
        {
            TDR0 = pTSC_Threshold[UART_DBUFF_PTR - UART_DBUFF_LEN];
            UART_DBUFF_PTR++;
        }
        else if(UART_DBUFF_PTR == (UART_DBUFF_LEN << 1))
        {
            UART_Sent = 0;
            UART_DBUFF_PTR = 0;
        }
    }
    else if(UART_Sent == 2)                            //Sent the board status
    {
        if(UART_SBUFF_PTR < UART_SBUFF_LEN)
        {
            TDR0 = UART_TSCStatus[UART_SBUFF_PTR++];
        }
        else
        {
            UART_Sent = 0;
            UART_SBUFF_PTR = 0;
        }
    }
    else
    {
        SSR0_TCPL = 0;
    }
}
```

```

__interrupt void UART_ISR (void)
{
    unsigned char UART_Temp;
    SMC20_RERC = 0;
    if(SSR0_RDRF == 1)                                     //Receive Data
    {
        SSR0_RDRF = 0;
        if(UART_Get == 0)
        {
            UART_Temp = RDR0;
            switch(UART_Temp)
            {
                case UART_Connect:
                {
                    TDR0 = UART_Check_OK;
                    UART_Start = 1;
                    break;
                }
                case UART_Getdata:
                {
                    UART_Sent = 1;
                    SSR0_TCPL = 1;
                    TDR0 = UART_TSCValue[UART_DBUFF_PTR++];
                    break;
                }
                case UART_Getstatus:
                {
                    UART_Sent = 2;
                    SSR0_TCPL = 1;
                    TDR0 = UART_TSCStatus[UART_SBUFF_PTR++];
                    break;
                }
                case UART_Setdata:
                {
                    TDR0 = UART_SetBack;
                    Threshold_N = 0;
                    UART_Get = 1;
                    break;
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        case UART_Disconnect:
        {
            UART_Start = 0;
            break;
        }
        default:
        {
            TDR0 = UART_Check_Err0;
            break;
        }
    }
    else
    {
        //Set threshold by GUI
        if(Threshold_N < UART_DBUFF_LEN)
        {
            pTSC_Threshold[Threshold_N] = RDR0;
            TDR0 = UART_SetBack;
            Threshold_N++;
        }
        else if(Threshold_N == UART_DBUFF_LEN)
        {
            UART_Get = 0;
            Threshold_N = 0;
            UART_Setfinish = 1;
            TSCKey_UpdateThr(TSCKEY,TSC_KeyNum);//,TSC_Threshold);
        }
    }
}
else if(SSR0_TDRE == 1)
{
    //Sent Data
    SSR0_TDRE = 0;
    if(UART_Get == 0)
        UART_Transmit();
}
}

```

File Name: Uart.h

Function: Header file of UART module

```
/******
```

```
-File:   Uart.h
```

```
-Function: Header file of UART module
```

```
/******/
```

```
#include "TSC.h"
```

```
#define UART_DBUFF_LEN          (TSC_KeyNum<<1)
```

```
#define UART_SBUFF_LEN          10
```

```
#define UART_Dir_IN              DDR1_P10 = 0
```

```
#define UART_Dir_OUT             DDR1_P11 = 1
```

```
#define UART_Connect             0x0F
```

```
#define UART_Getdata             0x5F
```

```
#define UART_Getstatus           0x6F
```

```
#define UART_Setdata             0xAF
```

```
#define UART_SetBack             0xCF
```

```
#define UART_Disconnect          0xBF
```

```
#define UART_Check_OK            0xFF
```

```
#define UART_Check_Err          0xEF
```

```
extern unsigned char UART_TSCValue[UART_DBUFF_LEN];
```

```
extern unsigned char UART_TSCStatus[UART_SBUFF_LEN];
```

```
void UART_Init(void);
```

```
void UART_Transmit(void);
```

### 5.1.2 Key\_Service Function

File Name: Key\_Service.c

Function: Key press service function

```

/*****
-File:   Key_Service.c
-Author: Lee Song
-Date:   20110610
-Function: Key press service function
*****/
#include "mb95390.h"
#include "PortDef.h"
#include "TSC.h"

unsigned char TSCKeyCode = 0xFF;
unsigned char mTSCKeyCode = 0xFF;
unsigned int Key_Task_Time=0;

extern unsigned char TSCKeyCode;
extern volatile   unsigned int Now_Time;

void CallUpdateKey(void)
{
    unsigned char TmpCode = 0xff;
    unsigned char TSCTmpCode = 0xff;
    if(Now_Time-Key_Task_Time >= 1)
    {
        Key_Task_Time = Now_Time;
        TSCTmpCode = TSCKey_GetValue(TSCKEY);
        if (TSCTmpCode == TSCOldCode)
            TSCKeyCode = TSCTmpCode;
        else
            TSCOldCode = TSCTmpCode;
    }
}

```

```
void TSCKey_Service(void)
{
    unsigned char i;
    if(mTSCKeyCode != TSCKeyCode)
    {
        if(TSCKeyCode != 0xFF)
        {
            for(i=0;i<4;i++)
            {
                if((TSCKeyCode | (1 << i)) == 0xFF)break;
            }
            Beep(1,500);
        }
        mTSCKeyCode = TSCKeyCode;
    }
}
```



## Document History

Document Title: AN205226 - F<sup>2</sup>MC-8FX Family MB95F430H Series Capacitance Touch Sensor Use TSC2\_Demo\_434.Lib

Document Number: 002-05226

Revision	ECN	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change
			06/03/2011	Initial release.
**	—	HUAL	08/01/2011	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Update template to the latest version.</li> <li>2. Modify API name and function description based on new TSC.lib.</li> <li>3. Add new sample code, include UART and Key service functions.</li> </ol>
*A	5266025	HUAL	06/28//2016	Migrated Spansion Application note from MCU-AN-500124-E-11 to Cypress format. Lib file doesn't exist and this AN to be Obsolete.

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